

Samuel Gully & Co.

Saturday Hosiery Chances.

Ladies' plain black hose, heel and toe. Saturday's price
50c a pair

Ladies' fast black cotton hose, real Maco yarn, double soles and high apliced heel.
37 1-2c pair
3 pairs for \$1.

Ladies' black cotton hose, Hermsdorf dye, white soles
25c a pair

Complete assortment of children's tan and black hosiery all prices.

Special line of ladies' bicycle hose, plaid tops, special at
20c a pair

Ladies' Richieu ribbed cotton vests, silk tape neck and armholes, sleeveless low neck, worth 25c
19c each

Ladies' hile thread vests, short sleeves and no sleeves, white and ecru
25c each

Complete assortment of ladies' vests 25, 37 1/2, 50 and 75c.

Ladies' ribbed union suits (cotton) white only, an extra Saturday value
50c each

Ladies' hile thread union suits, white only, an extra Saturday value
87 1-2c

Union suits at 25, 50, 75, 87 1/2c, \$1.00 and \$1.25.

250 leather belts, different colors special value
25c each

Busy days are these
In the wall paper department.
Basement Salesroom.

Samuel Gully & Co.

Never Before....

Were fine goods sold so low and one trial will convince you.

Exported Bk. Raspberries, per lb.	15c
" " " " " "	25c
" " " " " "	10c
Raisins, " " " "	8c
California Canned Peaches, "can 16c	16c
" " " " " "	16c
N. Y. State Peas, " " "	12c
Dessert Peaches for Cream, " " "	16c

A few more of those extra fine preserves in glass at half former price.

The above goods are all strictly first class and prices are cut very low.

M. V. N. Braman
13 STATE STREET.
TELEPHONE 2-20.

Wholly Unexampled Showing in Exclusive

SPRING SUITINGS.

For many years we have studied the art of making the best clothes that can be made, aiming for perfection. At the same time we have carefully figured to make the prices as reasonable as it is possible to secure first-class work, aiming for economy. That is one reason why our Spring Suits and Covert Coats are better value for the money than can be secured elsewhere, for perhaps a fraction less n price. If you want exclusive styles in woollens and special in make and trimmings, call and look them over.

P. J. BOLAND.
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

SPANISH FLEET IN HARBOR

Madrid Dispatches Say It Reached Santiago. Doubted at Washington.

Insurgents Closing in On Havana. Important Movements Expected at Key West Within 24 Hours.

SUSPICIOUS INFORMATION.

News of Spanish Fleet in Santiago Doubled at First, But Later Accepted as Probable.

(Special Dispatch to The Transcript)

Washington, May 20.—Madrid reports that Cervera with the Cape Verde squadron had entered the harbor of Santiago de Cuba were at first received with great suspicion by this government. It was regarded as another Spanish trick to fool our navy and send it in all haste to a false position.

Officials admit the reports, but nothing definite has as yet been received as yet from sources that can be relied on. However, there is every probability that the reports are true, and the department has begun to make plans on the basis of the information.

On the basis that the fleet is at Santiago, the meeting of our ships with Cervera's cannot be delayed more than a few days. Sampson's and Schley's squadrons are both near Key West, and their union will undoubtedly take place at once, so that a new division can be made, and movements made at once toward Cuba and the Spanish fleet.

With the stricter censorship now in force at army and navy points, it is impossible to tell what effect this will have on the invasion of Cuba, which was expected to take place at once, but it may be delayed now till the naval battle has been fought.

Maj.-Gen. Wesley Merritt, who is to command the Philippine expedition, reported at the war department this afternoon, and later saw the President. He leaves tomorrow for San Francisco. He expects to have 17,000 men to take with him.

Important Movements Coming.
New York, May 20.—A Key West special to Evening Post says events of surpassing interest are expected near here within twenty-four hours. Details of important movements projected are not permitted to pass the censor.

PLANS OF THE NAVY

In View of the Latest News From Santiago.

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, May 20.—It was semi-officially announced today that word had reached the navy department confirmation of Paris advices of the safe arrival in Santiago of the much-discussed Spanish squadron. The naval war board is considering strategic movements based upon this information. In proceeding to that port, the authorities say that Spain has made a decidedly good move, and that her agents have been keeping Admiral Cervera very well advised of the position of Rear Admiral Sampson's squadron. The navy department desired it to be known on Monday that Admiral Sampson had cabled from Cape Haytien that he was going to Cienfuegos. Had this been true, he would have passed Santiago de Cuba long before the Spanish fleet's arrival, and it would for Key West, Cervera would have nothing to fear.

Now that the fleet is safely in Santiago, it will be extremely difficult to lock it up in that harbor. In the first place the armorclads are at Key West, about 800 miles away, and they cannot reach Santiago under 60 hours. By that time it would be possible for Admiral Cervera to be approaching Cienfuegos, to destroy the blockading vessels there, provided Captain General Blanco informed him of the departure of the American vessels in an easterly direction.

If at Santiago, another point of advantage is that Admiral Cervera is in constant communication with Captain General Blanco, notwithstanding the American men-of-war and the cutting of the cables which was accomplished at Cienfuegos. Furthermore, the Spanish fleet is at a base of supplies, where it can secure both coal and provisions, and make any repairs that its voyage may have made necessary.

Rear Admiral Sampson, with the division of the north Atlantic squadron under his command which attacked San Juan, Porto Rico, has returned to Key West. This means that he has under his command the battleships Iowa, Indiana and Massachusetts, second class battleship Texas, and armored cruisers Brooklyn and New York, which make him superior by two armor-clads to the Spanish fleet.

Although the impression has been lately received in the war department that the invasion of Cuba would be made within a week, it is now said that such is not the case. No action will be made against Havana until Admiral Cervera has been disposed of and the ships can sail to Cuba without fear of attack.

CERVERA'S MESSAGE.

Entered Santiago de Cuba This Morning with Squadron.

Madrid, May 20.—At 10 this morning the minister of marine received a dispatch from Cervera dated Santiago de Cuba: "This morning I have without excitement entered this port accompanied by the squadron." The minister then cabled congratulations of the Queen Regent to Cervera.

Instructions for the Cadiz Squadron.

Madrid, May 20.—Admiral Camara, commander of the Cadiz squadron is here receiving instructions on the destination of his ships, which, it is explained, "depends upon the requirements of war."

It is evident that the cabinet intends to push the campaign vigorously.

10,000 Spaniards For Philippines.

Barcelona, May 20.—Ten thousand Spanish troops, drawn from provinces, are embarking here for the Philippines.

Squadron In North Atlantic.

Montreal May 20.—A new feature of the Spanish-American war, one in which it is asserted Polo y Bernaba and his associates are keenly interested, is the probable advance of the Cadiz squadron into the North Atlantic. One barrier alone has been standing between the New England coast and the Cadiz fleet. It is the lack of coal for the warships when they get to this side of the ocean. It has been planned to secure a coal supply. Spanish ships now carrying it may be well on this side of the Atlantic; indeed, according to information received from a correspondent at North Sydney, C. E., it is possible that even at the present time Spanish coal ships are in the waters about New Foundland.

The advices from Cape Breton point out that Polo has been in communication with an agent or correspondent on the island of St. Pierre, the coaling station of France in the North Atlantic. There is a constant exchange of trade between Cape Breton and St. Pierre, and the gossip of one port is more or less current in the other. For the past week look-out operators on the New Foundland coast have reported the appearance of strange vessels in those waters.

Fired Eighty Shots.

Madrid, May 20.—An official dispatch received here from Havana says that some American ships fired 80 shots during the reported recent bombardment of Santiago de Cuba, but that no damage was inflicted. The dispatch adds that the batteries replied to the fire of the ships, and that one of the latter was damaged.

In spite of the veto placed upon the publication of Spanish naval movements the newspapers have been allowed to announce that Admiral Camara's squadron, consisting of the Pelayo, the Carlos V, the Patriota and Rapido, formerly the Hamburg-American line steamers Columbia and Normannia, the Alfonso XIII, the Antonio Lopez, three torpedo boat destroyers and the Giralda, will shortly sail from Cadiz, while the reserve squadron will be organized immediately.

Meal Searcher, Perhaps.

South Framingham, Mass., May 20.—The intense excitement which to all appearances pervaded the entire camp yesterday has subsided owing to the fact that the sensation was built up on very questionable ground. The startling report that a Spanish spy had tried to reach the powder house, in the rear of the camp, during the night and had been overhauled by a sentry and driven off went through the camp like flame to civilian visitors as a choice experience.

The tale was that Private Tracy of company H, Ninth regiment, who was on guard, had tried to hold up a man who was prowling around in the dark. The stranger grappled with the sentinel, and as he had closed in the latter could not use his bayonet. A tussle ensued, and as the sentinel was getting the worst of the fight he called for help, and a sergeant of the guard responded. The stranger then disappeared in the darkness, and, although search was made, no trace of the individual was found.

The incident became noised about, and in a couple of hours it was positively and definitely known that a Spanish spy had tried to run the lines in order to set the magazine afire and destroy the 100,000 rounds of rifle ammunition. Descriptions of the spy were numerous, all agreeing that he was of dark complexion and medium height. All descriptions accurately admitted that darkness prevented the guard noting further details. In official quarters the midnight intruder is believed to have been a "hobo" who was headed for the mess house to try and get a lunch, and who had run into the guard, to both the latter's and his own surprise. The incident, however, served to keep the soldiers busy answering questions.

More than 50 regiments of the volunteer army either have started for or reached the mobilizing point to which they were directed to proceed by the secretary of war.

CLOSING ON HAVANA.

New York Special Says Gomez and Insurgents are Nearing the Capital.

New York, May 20.—A special to the World from Port Au Prince says information has reached there that Gomez with 15,000 men is closing on Havana. His advance guard routed 800 Spaniards.

Five thousand insurgents are also menacing Santiago. The dispatch also adds that the Spanish warships have been sighted off Yucatan conveying three transports of troops and provisions for Havana.

ENGLAND PREPARING TO ACT.

Strengthening Pacific Fleet For Some Unknown Time.

Vancouver, B. C., May 20.—The British fleet in the Pacific is to be strengthened considerably in the next few months. Smaller cruisers will be replaced with large ones. The opinion is general that England is about to make a move in the Pacific that will startle the world or else is preparing to meet contemplated move of the other powers.

It Will Not Be Missed
New York, May 20.—The agent of the Hamburg-American line announced today that the steamer Polaria would omit Havana from her regular trip, in order to avoid embarrassment to the government.

Censorship Made Stricter.

Tampa, Fla., May 20.—All newspaper correspondents have been notified that in the future all dispatches must be placed in the hands of Lieut. Milley of Gen. Shafter's staff for his approval. The censorship will be very rigid until after the invasion of Cuba. It is the intention to keep the Spanish government in complete ignorance of the movements of our army.

From Jamaica.

Kingston, Jam., May 20.—Two American warships, whose names were not disclosed from the shore, appeared off Santiago de Cuba, Wednesday while the steamer Adula, which has arrived here from that port with refugees, was in the harbor. They approached and drew the fire of the batteries at the entrance. It is not certain whether the warships replied to the fire. The firing continued from noon to 1 o'clock. Captain Walker of the Adula, when coming out, could not see any marks on Morro castle, and inferred that the American ships drew the fire of the batteries to learn the range.

There was much excitement in the city. The regulars and volunteers were called out and new earthwork batteries were erected on each side of the harbor entrance. The number and caliber of the guns are unknown, but it is known that there are 21 torpedoes in the channel electrically connected with the shore. The cruiser Mercedes, whose boilers are disabled, has been anchored so that she can rake the channel for 300 yards, and the merchant ship Mexico of Barcelona, mounting four small, quick-firing guns, is in the harbor. Several coasting steamers and schooners are at the wharves.

Senator Pettigrew Objects.

Washington, May 20.—A large number of staff nominations for the army were confirmed by the senate in executive session. There was no comment, except a brief inquiry by Senator Pettigrew, who asked Senator Hawley, chairman of the committee on military affairs, if the committee had made due investigation as to the military training and qualifications of the young men nominated to these positions, mentioning some of the sons of prominent men. Senator Hawley replied that the committee had inquired sufficiently to learn that the appointees had all been recommended by senators or congressmen from their own states.

"They will gain experience in the field," Senator Hale suggested.
"That is what I object to," responded Mr. Pettigrew. "If they are not experienced military men it is hardly fair that they should be appointed to command others."

Naval Auxiliary.

Washington May 20.—The senate committee on naval affairs has decided to report favorably with amendments the joint resolution authorizing an auxiliary naval force, which has already passed the house. One of the amendments strikes out the provision confining the duties of the proposed force to coast defense, thus leaving it of general utility. Another limits the force to 3000 enlisted men, whereas the bill as passed by the house left the number to the president's discretion. A third amendment reduces the appropriation from \$4,000,000 to \$3,000,000. Before the committee acted, statements were heard from Secretary Long, Assistant Secretary Allen and others, all urging the importance and need of early action.

4.30

NOT CONFIRMED.

Kingston Has Not Heard News of Spanish Fleet.

Kingston, Jamaica, May 20.—No confirmation has been received here of the reported arrival of the Spanish fleet at Santiago.

Sympathy From Australia.

Vancouver, B. C., May 20.—Advices brought by a steamer from Sydney show both in Australia and Hawaii intense feeling in favor of the United States against Spain. Many Australians are anxious to join the United States army.

Strengthening Defenses.

London, May 20.—The Madrid correspondent of The Daily Mail, commenting upon the great activity displayed in strengthening the coast defenses of Spain, says: "Special naval and military vigilance committees have been formed to watch the approaches to the harbors. The reasons for this are unknown, but possibly there are fears of an American naval raid, or there is a prospect of European complications."

The Cienfuegos Fight.

Key West, May 20.—During the recent engagement at Cienfuegos 300 Spanish were killed and several hundred wounded. Great damage was done along the coast.

Soon after the engagement the Marblehead picked up several Cubans in an open boat some miles down the coast. They reported that the Spanish losses and the damage wrought by the shells from the warships were very heavy. The hospitals at Cienfuegos, they said, were full of wounded, and fear prevailed everywhere that the American warships would return to complete the work of destruction.

During the engagement the Marblehead threw 450 five-inch shells into the Spanish forces and 700 shots from her secondary battery; the Nashville as many more shells and 1500 shots from her secondary battery. Fifteen hundred Spaniards were stationed in an improvised fortress on a neck of land, and upon this the ships concentrated their fire, and it was here that the most terrible destruction was wrought. During the heavy fire of shells and just after the lighthouse was blown up, five Spaniards who were running together in an attempt to escape were picked off by a shell from the Marblehead, the gunner being ordered to fire upon them by Ensign Pratt. They were torn to pieces.

The Eighth Massachusetts.

Chickamauga National Park, May 20.—With last night's arrivals the three divisions of the first provisional volunteer army corps will be completed. Twelve trains of an average of 15 cars each stood on the siding of one road at noon yesterday awaiting a clear main track to the park, but shortly thereafter they began to move.

Yesterday was the busiest day at the park since the volunteers began to arrive, and the forces at the various supply departments have been taxed to the utmost to dispose of the business promptly and without confusion. The quartermaster's department has received all the supplies needed in the matter of tents, uniforms, ammunition, food supplies, etc., but no ordnance for the artillery or guns for the unarmed volunteers have been received.

The following commands arrived yesterday and were assigned to camp: The Fifth Pennsylvania, Twelfth Minnesota, Twenty-first Kansas, Eighth Massachusetts, the Ninth Pennsylvania and Twelfth New York.

In Camp at Lakeland.

Lakeland, Fla., May 20.—As the men of the Second Massachusetts huddled beneath their wind whipped tents yesterday afternoon, listening to the rain-drops splashing on the canvas, they realized that Florida had something in her commissary department beside hot weather. Fortunately, the storm was of short duration, and before supper time the sky was again clear and the air cool and bracing.

The Rendezvousing.

Washington, May 20.—Hempstead, L. I., has been definitely selected as a rendezvousing point for troops from the New England and middle states section and it is expected that 19 regiments eventually will be quartered there.

The torpedo boat destroyers provided for in the appropriation bill are to be of larger type than any vessel of that kind we now have in the service, about 400 tons, but the torpedo boats will be about the size of the average boat now in use, namely, about 150 tons.

Work on the three monitors, Mahopac, Canonicus and Manhattan, at League Island has advanced so far that the department expects to have them in service within a week or two. They have been supplied with tubular boilers in place of the rusted out boilers they have carried since the war.

Naval authorities are relieved of a good deal of embarrassment by the consent of the French authorities at Martinique to allow the Harvard to remain in St. Pierre until her repairs are completed. It was at first supposed that she would be allowed only seven days' stay and at the end of that time would be forced out to risk attack at the hands of an unarmued Spanish cruiser or torpedo boat.

The regular troops which are to accompany the expedition to the Philippines have been determined upon, and orders for them to proceed promptly to the coast will be issued. These, with the volunteers from California, Colorado, Kansas, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, Oregon, Utah, Wyoming, North and South Dakota and Idaho, will make up the sum total from which are to be taken the troops who are to be sent to reinforce Admiral Dewey and enable him to take Manila.

Boston Opinion.

Boston, May 20.—The Journal considers that "Admiral Sampson's plan of action at San Juan showed the perfect skill and forethought of the accomplished naval tactician. It affords the most gratifying kind of augury of the later and momentous result when the American and Spanish fighting squadrons meet to decide the mastery of the Caribbean."

Nice Weather

Just ahead calls for a little more care in your wearing apparel.

Cutting-made suits represent the best to be had in ready-to-put-on and our guarantee is sufficient protection against inferior goods, while our popular prices satisfy all.

Men's Suits

\$5, \$10 and \$15.

Cover a very large range of patterns and fabrics made right, to fit right and trimmed in excellent taste with best quality. Italian and serge linings.

Boys' Suits

\$1.35 to \$5.00

in our Boys' Department represent best value in rugged school suits and fine dress suits.

Long pant suit, \$4 to \$10.
New Wash Suits, just in today, are the very top notch of excellence. Prices 50c. to \$2.50.

C. H. CUTTING & CO.

WEBER BROS.,

"Cut Price" Shoe Store.

LADIES' BICYCLE BOOTS.

The best line for the money,

--\$2.47--

You can find here.

Chocolate Colored, Vici Kid, Lace Boots, 10 inches high, with Eyelets and Hooks.

WEBER BROS.,

Manufacturers, Wholesalers, Retailers.

PATTON the Jeweler,

Has moved to more commodious quarters at 49 Center Street and has taken the agency for the celebrated Apollo Incandescent Gas Lamps and Mantles.

Lamps \$1.00. Mantles 25c.

At the Front!

That is where you will find

PITTSTON COAL

If you will take pains to investigate

it in all its essential qualities. For all uses, and under all conditions, it is vastly superior to any other fuel. Order your supply of—

W. A. & J. A. Cleghorn,

Sole Dealers in this City
53 HOLDEN STREET.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

The People's Dental Parlors

Formerly located at 8 Eagle street, have removed to Sullivan's new block, 34 Main street, opposite State, where they have all modern improvements and every facility to do first class work.

BEST SETS OF TEETH \$5.50 AND \$7.50.

(No better made at any price.)

Gold Fillings 75c up, Silver 50c, Cement 50c,

Cleaning 50c, Extracting 25c

Gold crowns and gold cusp 22-karat \$5. Crown and bridge work a specialty. Car fare allowed to patients living outside the city within 20 miles. You can come in the morning and wear your teeth home the same day.

ICI ON PARLE FRANCAIS.

LADY ATTENDANT.

THE PEOPLE'S DENTAL PARLORS
34 Main Street, North Adams.

Better Become Acquainted

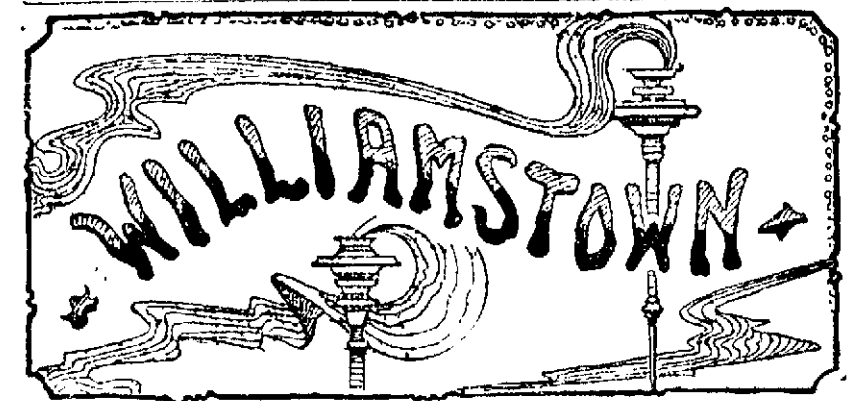
With the new goods we are showing for spring suits and overcoats, the stock is filled with newness. New weaves, new patterns, new colorings.

SUITS—15, 16, 18, 20, and \$25.

TROUSERS—3.50, 4, 5, 6, 7, and \$8.

Made to order and perfect satisfaction guaranteed.

American Tailor, 31 Eagle St.



An Improved Carriage—A Busy Week Coming—Cuba Libre Hats.

A Busy Week Coming.

Liveryman McMahon will have a rush of business from May 27 to May 31, which period he says has within a few years become as important in a business way as commencement week. The sophomore promenade, a brilliant social event, comes Friday night, the 27th. On Saturday the Williams-Amherst ball game is played on Weston field and this is always the most exciting and the most largely attended game of the year in this town. Many tally-hos will be in demand on that day and to supply the demand Mr. McMahon has engaged all he can in this town and some in North Adams. Saturday evening the play, "One Night Only," will be presented in the opera house by Cap and Bella. On Sunday there will be a good deal of riding if the day is pleasant and all the liverymen will have good business. On Monday Williams will play the Newton A. A. Weston field. These events will make stirring times for nearly a week and the quiet which usually pervades the town will be effectually thrown off.

Cuba Libre.

A large number of students made themselves conspicuous Thursday by appearing with (not in) hats which for distinctiveness surpassed anything of the kind ever seen in this section unless upon the heads of dolls or those specimens of undeveloped man who lead organ grinders about the country as a stepping stone to something better and higher. The crowd of these hats were a little larger around than a silver dollar and the brims from four to six inches in diameter. They were made of straw and ornamented with bands of red, white and blue. "Cuba Libre" was said to be the significance of this unique apparel, which was fastened to the head by a cord and worn in most cases a little above one eye. The hats were to be seen everywhere and it was suggested that an interesting debate might be had on the question whether the wearers were bareheaded or not.

An Improved Carriage.

Thomas McMahon, Jr., has purchased a top buggy which has solid rubber tires. The fellows are made with grooves into which the tires fit, and this is considered an improvement over pneumatic tires for wagons, as there is no blowing up to be done and no danger of punctures. The carriage also has another new and excellent feature. The thills can be removed instantly without stirring a bolt and replaced as easily. This is accomplished by means of a patent attachment which works with a small lever. The carriage has both thills and pole, and by this new method they can be exchanged with no trouble whatever. The wagon was made in Cortland, N. Y., and is a very handsome one.

Hose Company Meeting.

The members of Gale Hose company, chief, board of engineers and prudential committee at an adjourned meeting Thursday night discussed matters for the coming year. Everything passed off harmoniously and all the members received their certificates for the ensuing year. After the business speeches were in order and were made by B. H. Sherman, W. E. Moore, Chief, Peter W. O. Adams, W. H. Lamphere, Cassimere Noel and Edmund B. Noel. Gale Hose company begins another year with very bright prospects.

The preliminary dance orders for the sophomore promenade to be held in the gymnasium May 27 have been issued.

Town Clerk Noel received his commission as justice of the peace from Governor Wolcott Thursday. He was appointed some time ago.

The festival held in the lecture room of the Congregational church Thursday evening passed off very pleasantly.

The first games in the Williams-Amherst chess tournament were played here today. Another session will be held Saturday.

There is considerable interest in the ball game to be played on Weston field Saturday afternoon by the Williams freshmen and the Holyoke high school team.

Mrs. C. B. Cook is visiting relatives and friends in Stamford, Ct.

Miss Katherine Chamberlain has been obliged to give up her afternoon work as teacher of English and German in the high school on account of poor health. Her afternoon work is taken by Hill, Williams '97, who is an assistant instructor in college.

Thomas Hildbrook has been engaged as bell boy at the Greylock.

Charles B. Hubble's family has arrived from New York and are at their summer home, Brookline farm.

Miss Kate Madeo of Boston, formerly of this town, is spending a few days with friends here.

The work of setting the new curb in front of the Noyes Graham block on Spring street is in progress. A trench for the curbstone has to be cut in the surface in that part of the street, but the ledge is "shaky" and the stone is worked out without blasting. Moses Roberts is in charge of the job.

James Smalley, who was called from Brooklyn a few days ago by the serious illness of his mother, has returned, but his wife is still here.

Edward Dempsey, who expects to begin work in Simard's drug store, North Adams, next Monday, had to begin Thursday evening on account of the resignation of another clerk who is going to New York to study electricity.

Herbert Healey and E. Bette went up into the Hopper the other day and caught 14 trout which averaged over a quarter of a pound each. Not many trout have been caught yet, but good fishing is expected a little later.

The Greylock will open for the season next Thursday. A covered walk has been built to connect the Greylock with the Taconic Inn so the guests can conveniently pass from one building to the other.

W. H. Mason is cutting timber and hauling it from the west mountain lot which he bought of Newell Torrey a few days ago. He is now getting out oak car timbers and will also get a large quantity of ties off the lot.

Dr. Hull has a young horse whose gait is somewhat shifting. He shows an inclination to pace at times and Dr. Hull has been engaged to work him in hobbles in hopes that pacing can be made his regular gait. The horse is a good one and he settles down to pacing he will be a valuable roadster.

A. Belding has ordered a two-seated backboard from Cortland, N. Y.

Mrs. Hart has arrived from New York for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. John B. Gale and their two grand-daughters, the Misses Hun of Albany, will return from abroad next week, landing in New York Tuesday. Mrs. Hun and her son John will go to New York Saturday and remain to meet them.

Professor and Mrs. Clark returned today from a three days drive the country.

William Drew of Laneshore will begin his summer's work at McMahon's livery stable next Monday. He has worked for Mr. McMahon many summers and with many of the patrons he is a favorite driver, being an exceptionally careful and safe man with a team. He takes many parties to the summits of the mountains every year and makes numerous trips to distant points.

The college dramatic club will present the play "One Night Only," in Pittsfield next Wednesday night. The trip will be made in two of McMahon's tally-hos.

Frederick Louke is in very poor health. F. A. West, the new proprietor of the Greylock livery stables, arrived from Springfield Thursday and will give the business his personal supervision. He has had an extended experience and is prepared to give his patrons good service. In addition to his livery business he will also deal in carriages. Mr. West will not move his family from Springfield at present.

For flags and awnings call at Hopkins' furniture store.

War times call for war prices. Cabinet photograph \$2 a dozen without tinting. Any tickets taken at N. S. Daniels studio on Cole avenue.

*We have a fine supply of sorted hard wood, both sawed and split. Call, write or telephone T. W. Richmond, coal and wood. Sole agents for Swift's Lowell fertilizers.

PYROCURE.
An absolute cure for piles. A home remedy, endorsed by home people. North Adams druggists sell it.

MODERN SABER DUELS.

Unusual Weapon Used in the Cavalry Fight.

The saber duel has never been very familiar on the record, and of late years its absence has been even more conspicuous than it was. The reason for this is, no doubt, that the saber is not every duelist's weapon, and that when it happens to suit both combatants the results are apt to be of a decidedly serious character. The weapon was seen often on the field of honor perhaps during the disturbed period in France which followed the restoration, when there were many number of Napoleon's converted old officers prowling about in military buttoned frocks, eating their hearts out on half pay and always spilling for a fight. In this duel the thrust does not seem to have been barred, as it sometimes is. It was the thrust—the point, anyhow—which killed Cavalotti, and in a way, too, which constitutes a record. A thrust in the mouth which slits the tongue and covers the windpipe and ends all in five minutes is not to be found in the books very readily. In the Sirey-Durepierre duel, fought in November of 1885, being run right through the liver. Seven years later his slayer had the life thrust out of him by Caumartin in Brussels.

In the Castenschild-Rahden duel at Copenhagen in July, 1890, thrusting was forbidden. The saber seems to have been chosen because both parties were cavalrymen. Castenschild was a lieutenant in the Danish dragoons. The Baron de Rahden had been in the Russian service. The difference arose at Ensch's clinic, where the baron's wife was engaged as an equestrian performer. There was a keen contest of brief duration. The baron was out across the forehead. The flow of blood half blinded him, and the seconds intervened.

The Milot-Barceli duel, fought in Belfast between two French subalterns, might have had more serious consequences. Lieutenant Milot got a slash across the arm which severed all the great blood vessels. He was very nearly dead before the bleeding could be stopped, and it took two mortal hours to stitch him up.

In Hungary the saber duel has been by no means unpopular in its time. The last was fought only a few years back between two officers of the Honved army, also of the cavalry arm. The point stroke was barred, but Lieutenant Lazari, it is stated, had his sword arm nearly lopped off.

A Mean Trick.
When Queen Victoria paid her visit to the Emperor Napoleon III, 48 years ago, Balard asked Baron Haussmann to present him to the British queen. The baron promised to do so if Balard would shave off his beard, pretending that Victoria had a great prejudice against whiskered men.

Heard the beautiful beard, but he made the sacrifice. He appeared at the fete clean shaven and took up his place near the prefect, who, however, paid no attention to him, despite Balard's frantic attempts to attract his attention. At last the ceremony of presentation came to an end, and Balard had not kissed the queen's hand. Haussmann, instead of taking notice of his guest, had indignantly looked the other way, and, finally, when the queen moved away, asked Balard, brightly, "What he meant by it?"

"What I meant by it?" was the irate reply. "You promised to present me to the queen."

"Who are you?"

"I am Balard."

"I am sorry," said Haussmann, "but, my dear fellow, I didn't recognize you. You look like the scarerow." Balard never forgave him.—Arizona.

GHOST IN RUINED FACTORY

Her Face In White as Milk Against Surrounding Blackness.

Of all Chicago's haunts the most distinguished by far is the woman in white who, on the sharp peaks and corners of a ruined factory, Le Moyne street and Potomac avenue, dances a weird dance at midnight to tunes set by the wind. That she does this thing is the avowment of the people of the district, many of whom say they have seen the "white lady."

This haunted house is now scarcely entitled to the latter part of the title, so thoroughly has it been pulled to pieces by men of the vicinity who needed kindling wood. It was once the location of a prosperous paint business, and in those days there was no haunt. It is since the building, which was large and partly of brick, was abandoned by the paint manufacturer, that the "white lady" has shown herself. She confined herself at first to short turns in the close vicinity of midnight. When the building was whole, she was a mildly inoffensive "spook." Showing herself at intervals at windows or passing through the closed doors, she did nothing more than scare an occasional policeman.

Her face and clothing are described as showing milky white against the night's blackness. She always distinctly visible, whether she stood in clouded shadow or in moonlight, and yet those who have seen her declare that there was no phosphorescent or glowing effect about her or her clothing.

The factory structure was partly demolished a few weeks ago, and now its outline, as viewed against the sky, is in the shape of a cluster of spires. It is in the tips of these sharp projections that the "white lady" is accustomed to give her skit dance. Since this new performance began there has appeared among the boys of the district a strong inclination to stay in at night. The story of the skit dance has spread far and wide, and on a recent occasion, when it was supposed that some one had been hurt by the fall of some of the building's timber, it was only with the greatest difficulty that policemen could be induced to go about the structure. The dancer is attired in a knee long skirt of the accordion kind, and the way in which she flirts it as she pirouettes from pinnacle to pinnacle is described as distracting.—Chicago Chronicle.

The Prince and the Broken Driver.

His royal highness, the Prince of Wales, never knew what a narrow escape he had on his last visit to America. This was a good many years ago, and the business of railroad was not down to the science that it is now. The prince, having made a tour of the United States, decided to go to Montreal. In order to reach that city he had to go over what was then called the Carillon and Greenville railroad, a little line not over 20 miles long and about as rough as a railroad ever gets to be. The father of J. A. Barnard, general manager of the Peoria and Eastern, was the president of the road. In addition to the duties of president Mr. Barnard acted as ticket agent and superintendent, and also ran the only train there was on the road. The company had but a single engine, that out of respect for its age should have been in the scrap pile years before it landed there.

The prince was coming, and the towns along the line of the road were alive with enthusiasm. The night before the prince was to arrive one of the drivers on the engine broke. This was a fine state of affairs for a royal corporation. It would take at least two weeks to get another wheel. So Mr. Barnard called in his superintendent of motive power, who was also foreman on the engine, and his superintendent of bridges, who was also brakeman, and they decided to repair the damage. Scrap iron was riveted together and the scrap iron welded over it. The next morning the train started with the prince and his suit. The patched up wheel would take a chunk of rail out at almost every revolution, but the train got through without falling into the ditch. Mr. Barnard was afterward president of the Ohio and Mississippi, and some of his friends tend to say that his promotion was due to his mastery of circumstances in that Canadian affair.—Indianapolis News.

Monks of High Degree.

The famous abbey of Benzon at Seokau, in Germany, is one of the best known and celebrated monasteries, especially because of the high station of the monks who are gathered there. The monks of the abbey include Prince Philip of Hohenlohe, who is a definite addition to the world; Father Charles, under which name is concealed the identity of a brilliant ex-cavalry officer belonging to an illustrious house; Prince Edward Schonburg-Hartenstein, and Father Benedict, Father Sebastian, once a major in the Saxon army, bearing the name of Baron von Oer; Father John, who was Baron von Driss, and ran away from the court of Baden to escape the emperor; Father Nicholas, who was Baron von Salla-Soglio; Father Hildebrand, who before assuming the cowl and gown was a brave captain, by name Count de Mempoigne, and many others too numerous to mention.

The Abbey Seokau is situated among the mountains of Steiermark, in a thick, wild forest, and in 80 years has united together Benedictine monks belonging to the best known families, celebrated for ability or nobility or distinguished in the arts. This monastery, where the rules are most rigorous, was founded over 800 years ago by two brothers, Maurus and Placidus Wolter of Cologne, two learned monks sent by Pius IX to Prussia to reorganize the monasteries there, which were degenerating.—Pall Mall Gazette.

How Wamamaker Advertises.

"I never in my life used such a thing as a poster or a dodger or handbill," said John Wamamaker. "I ran for 20 years for the Republican party, and I never used a poster or a dodger or handbill. I would not give an advertisement in a newspaper of 500 circulation for 5,000 dollars or posters. If I wanted to sell cheap jewelry or run a gambling scheme, I might use posters, but I would not insult a decent reading public with handbills. The class of people who read them are too poor to read. I would not support mercantile affairs. I deal directly with the publisher. I say to him:

"How long will you let me run a column of matter through your paper for \$100 or \$500?" as the case may be. I let him do the figuring, and if I think he is not trying to take more than his share I give him the copy. I lay aside the profits on a particular line of goods for advertising purposes. As first I laid aside \$5,000. Last year I laid aside and spent \$40,000. I have done better this year, and shall increase the sum as the profits warrant it. I owe my success to newspapers, and to them I truly give a certain profit of my yearly business."—Wool and Cotton Reporter.

MONGOLIAN PHEASANTS.

They May Succeed the Quail as a Game Bird.

Many sportsmen think that the pheasant of the Mongolian kind will in a few years succeed the quail as the popular American game bird. It is a native of the mountains of the Himalayas, and is a beautiful bird, but its beauty in waving plumage of ravishing hues, and therefore will prove a prize that every sportsman will endeavor to secure when the season is once open for its slaughter. It has attracted the attention of many sportsmen for

General Debility

Means inability to work, due to impure blood and overwork. It is accompanied with great weakness and tired feeling, faintness, dizziness, weak back, ringing in the ears and great nervousness.

Treatment—Tone up the system with nutritious and easily digested food, pure air and moderate exercise, and take Dr. Frost's Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility Cures.

If you do not require the services of a skilled physician, ask the nearest druggist for a Frost's specific adapted to your disease.

FROST'S CATARRH CURE will cure any form of catarrh, 25c. Use Frost's Balsam Spray in connection, 50c.

FROST'S DYSPYPSIA CURE works wonders, gives you a new stomach; cures indigestion, loss of appetite, dizziness, etc., 25c.

FROST'S HEADACHE CURE does not interfere with the heart's action. Cures sick and nervous headaches, headaches from the use of liquors and chronic headaches, 25c.

FROST'S HEART TONIC cures irregular action, palpitation and all phases of heart disease, 25c.

FROST'S LIVER CURE banishes all low complexion, jaundice and liver complaints generally, 25c.

FROST'S KIDNEY CURE cures where all other systems have failed. 25c.

FROST'S NERVOUS DEBILITY CURE quickly calms the nervous system and braces up the patient; no nerve tonic equals it, 25c.

FROST'S NO-LA-GRIPPE cures colds and grip and prevents pneumonia. At this time of the year your life may depend on having it handy, 25c.

FROST'S RHEUMATISM CURE is celebrated the world over. It is the "miracle worker" and has astonished thousands, 25c.

Many years in consequence of its successful introduction on the Pacific slope, and now many eastern states are introducing the Mongolian bird into their domains. In Ohio alone over 800 birds were liberated last year.

Mongolian pheasants are well worth all the expense and care that may be expended upon them. They evidently rank next to the birds of paradise in beauty, and, in fact, are too handsome to be made targets of.

The male bird has the cheeks naked and of the brightest scarlet, minutely speckled with black. The crown of the head is bronze green. On each side of the occiput is a tuft of dark golden green feathers capable of being erected at pleasure and very conspicuous in the pairing season; upper part of the neck dark green, glossed with purple and violet blue; lower part of the neck, breast and orange showing in some positions beautiful reflections of light purple; each feather bordered and terminated with pearly purple; center of the belly and thighs blackish brown; center of the back and scapular feathers black or brownish black, surrounded by a yellowish white band and bordered with deep reddish orange; lower part of the back and upper tail covert green, intermingled with brownish orange and purplish red; tail feathers brown, crossed by bands of black and fringed with reddish brown; bill pale yellow; legs and toes grayish black. The female has cheeks covered with small, closely set feathers, and the whole of the plumage is yellowish brown, mingled with different shades of gray, brown and black.

The Mongolian pheasant was first introduced into this country by Judge O. N. Denny, who was our consul general at Shanghai. It is while there became deeply interested in the large variety of exquisitely plumaged birds of that section of the globe, and determined to introduce the hardiest, the most toothsome and the most prolific bird into the United States. His first experiment in 1881 was a failure, but in 1883 he selected from nine varieties the Chinese ring necked pheasant, the Mongolian, which is now called in Oregon, in compliment to the introducer, the Denny pheasant.

There were but 25 of these, and they all arrived safely at Portland, Or. They were immediately liberated among the grain-fields and semibush covered and wooded prairie at Judge Denny's brother's ranch in Linn county, there to adapt themselves or go out of existence.

Nothing was seen of the new birds for a year or two, and then here and there in different portions of the county they were corvex much their appearance, and before two years had elapsed the cuckling of the brilliant plumaged male birds was far more commonly heard than that of their own native corvex. It should be said that through Judge Denny's instrumentality the legislature passed a law protecting the new pheasant for a period of five years, and at the expiration of this time, again at his suggestion, the time was extended for another interval of equal length. As a result of ten years Oregon was literally alive with the Mongolian pheasant, which delights the heart of every sportsman with its swift and rapid flights and tempts the most epicurean palate by its delicate white flesh.—Newark Call.

Spanish Conditions.

The temper of the Spanish people is marvelous indeed. A firm government—firm with the just intention of doing right—they are slow to recognize and tolerate, but tyranny they readily swallow, making a wry face perhaps, but no resistance. The more they swallow the more they need to them the more they find in it to admire and make obedience to. This idiosyncrasy of the Spanish character Canovas del Castillo was swift to appreciate and take advantage of. A writer who complacently sets him down as a great statesman and patriot in the general—the European—sense of the word, is no master of the facts. Canovas was the strong man of Spain. He was not a statesman, but a man of the people of the popular inclination. His vigorous understanding was their muscular master.

The police were on his side; a useful portion of the press, hired judiciously for the purpose; the army, and brains to set them all in motion; and so equipped Antonio Canovas del Castillo confronted the Spanish people and said, "Come on!" It was a resolute and daring attitude. He kept the crowd tumultuously at bay for 30 minutes. But of late change had taken place. A good deal of the old fire had burned out. Fifteen years of colonial re-voled, again, impress even the thickest headed Spanish peasant into conceiving that the trouble has no business to last so long, and that his rulers, if hard and exigent toward himself, are weak, extravagant and unheroic elsewhere. And this suspicion ripens into certainty when he sees his sons torn from his side and packed over the sea, and when his taxes swell and swell and the price of bread goes up and up and still no alteration for the better.—Fortnightly Review.

Approval.

"What are ye readin' about?" asked Farmer Corroseto.
"I've just got to the chapter," replied his wife, "where two young men of bygone days determined to go to the fur good an' all which was the best fashin'." "Well, that shows some sense. If the young men nowadays got up on castles like that, we'd not only have less loafin', but better fashin'."—Washington Star.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE.

COURT OF INOLVENCY.

"Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in the Court of Insolvency, County of Berkshire, by Timothy M. Lucey and John Price, of North Adams, in said county, co-partners in business at said North Adams; under the firm name and style T. M. Lucey Plumbing Company, representing that they are creditors of Rose Lavine of said North Adams, and praying that a warrant may issue to take possession of the estate of said Rose Lavine and that the same may be seized and distributed according to law.

FRED. R. SHAW.

Register of said Court.

Boston & Albany Railroad.

Trains leave North Adams daily except Sundays for: Springfield and Worcester, 6.20 a.m., 8.20 a.m., 12.10 p.m., 2.00 p.m., 4.00 p.m., 6.00 p.m., 8.00 p.m. Connecting at Springfield with Westfield, Springfield, Worcester, and Boston, also with New York, Albany, and the West. Timetables and further particulars may be had of

G. B. PATRICK, Ticket Agent,

North Adams, Mass.

A. J. HANSON, G. P. A.

Springfield, Mass.

PASTURING.

Have a large pasture; plenty of feed and good water. Horses and cattle wanted to stock it. W. A. BALLOU.

WHITE.

FOREHAND buying will save you more in one year than painful pinching will in five. If you have needs in Table Silver, Clocks, Sterling Silver, Etc., you have the opportunity now of getting them at almost your own price—below cost in some cases. Spring "Clearing-Out" the reason.

JEWELER.

80 MAIN ST.

"The War Pen."

The above is a fac simile of the pen with which Speaker Reed, Vice-President Hobart and President McKinley in turn signed the bill "declaring that war exists between the United States of America and the kingdom of Spain."

You will notice that it is a Todd pen, such as we keep in great variety. If you want an exact duplicate of "the pen that did it," as well as a good good pen, we can fit you out.

L. M. BARNES,

5 Wilson Block

Tariff on Woolens. The tariff has been passed and Woolens will be higher. Now is a good time to buy in bulk. We have a full line of our varied stock of overcoatings, suitings, dressings and goods all kinds of ladies' wear for both summer and winter. Elegant things for ladies' bicycle suits, and Men's—oil and Bicycle wear. Prices still low, quality high.

Blackinton Co.

Blackinton, Mass.

Millinery Trimmed Hats

A large assortment constantly on hand.

Lace and fancy straw bonnets and hats \$2.50 up.

School hats 25c.

Give us a call.

M. F. and J. L. Best,

2 Blackinton Block.

No Doubt--

Many people know about there being a grocery store at 101 Main street. But whether you know that you can find a full supply for your table of STAPLE and FANCY Groceries at prices as low or lower than the side street places, IS A FACT that we will try to impress on the trade. Oolong, Gun Powder, Uncolored and Green Japan Teas, 35c, 3 lbs. for \$1, that are bargains.

Sherman & Chase,

101 MAIN ST.

Telephone 28-5.

Grand Millinery Opening of French Pattern Hats,

Parlors 68 Main Street.

Over Gatlick's Clothing Store.

Helen L. Joyce.

NOTICE.

The Commissioner of Public Works will be at his office each week day from 10 to 12 p. m.

J. H. EMMETT, Commissioner of Public Works

BUSINESS CARDS

UNDERTAKERS.

Simmons & Carpenter.

Funeral Undertakers. No. 20 1/2 Eagle street, North Adams, Mass.

LIVERIES.

Ford & Arnold.

Livery and Feed tables. Single and double teams. Coaches for funerals and weddings. Four or six horse teams for large or small parties. 75 Main st. Telephone 24-1-1.

J. H. Flagg.

Livery, Sale and Boarding Stable. Main street, opposite the Wilson House, North Adams. First class single horse and carriage at short notice on reasonable terms. Also village coach and team for all trains. Telephone connection.

J. Coon.

City Cab Service. J. Coon will run a first class cab to all parts of the city from 1 p. m. to 1 a. m. Telephone 129-2.

MONUMENTAL WORKS.

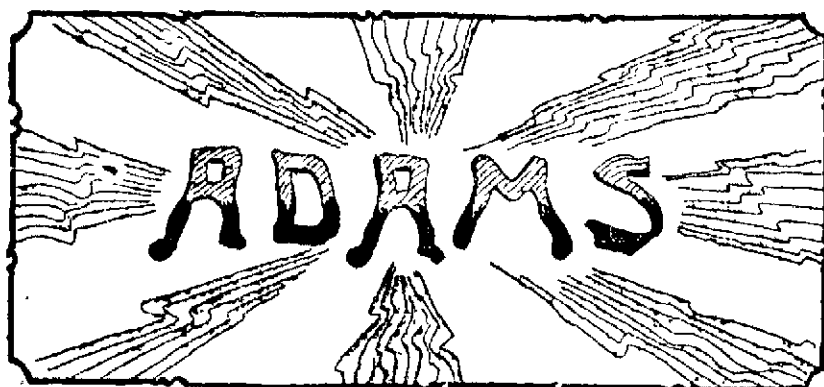
Meeney & Walsh.

Dealers in and cutters of Native and Foreign Granite and Marble. No. 19 Eagle street, North Adams.

CARRIAGES.

Edmund Vadnais.

Carriage and Wagon builder. Manufacturer of light carriages, sleighs



Autographs and Money Wanted.

Supt. Gray has received a letter from the New York Journal requesting him to have all the pupils of the public schools here write their names and address in their own handwriting and have them sent to the Journal. The paper proposes to place the names with those of all the school children of the United States in a special vault in the Maine Memorial Monument, which is to be built under the Journal's direction. The children may also give whatever they wish toward the monument fund.

To Have A Fine Residence.

Principal T. K. McAllister is to have a residence on the building lot which he purchased of W. B. Green on East street. The cellar is dug and next week Louis Dabray will begin to build the foundation. The house will be erected by Herman Besouchemian who has just started in the building business for himself. He has been foreman for Contractor Fleming for the past three years and is a fine workman. The house will be two stories and will contain nine rooms. It will be fitted with all the modern improvements and when finished will be a credit to that vicinity.

An Exciting Handball Game.

An exciting handball game was played at the Howland court at Zylonite Wednesday afternoon between William Mahan and John Barry. Mr. Barry, to the great surprise of all present, defeated his opponent by a score of 21 to 19. Mr. Barry, who has been suffering from rheumatism, got warmed up and it seemed as though he was again a boy, so spry and agile was he.

This Evening's Social.

Golden Link, Daughters of Rebekah lodge, has planned for a strawberry social to be held in Odd Fellows hall this evening. Shortcake and strawberries will be served in different styles, and there will be ice cream and other refreshments. Choral and instrumental selections will be given and a general good time is expected. Only members of the lodge are invited.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate conveyances have been recorded the past week: Franklin Savings institution to W. B. Green \$1,000, W. B. Green to Thomas K. McAllister one, Charles Langlois to Celina Boudreau \$1,400, W. B. and C. T. Plunkett to W. B. Green one.

Pretty Warm at Lakeland.

A letter was received from Private James Cadigan of Company M and he

states that the thermometer registered 108 in the shade at Lakeland twice since the company arrived there. He says the boys are all tanned and suffering with heat. None of them ever complain no matter what takes place.

To Celebrate Wedding Anniversary Mr. and Mrs. Baildon of Commercial street will celebrate their silver wedding anniversary Saturday evening. About 50 invitations have been issued to friends. A reception will be held from 8 to 10 o'clock.

Work has been resumed at the Adams marble quarry.

The regular rehearsal of Lafayette band was held Thursday evening. They are preparing and will soon give their first open air concert on Center street.

Robert Hayes of Zylonite has left his position with A. E. Ellis of North Adams.

C. H. Orcutt has taken a position as clerk at the Howland House at Zylonite. Thomas Hughes of Rutherford is working for W. L. & W. H. Goodnow at their clothing store on Park street.

Superintendent of Schools John C. Gray left this morning to attend a state convention of school superintendents at Worcester.

A horse owned by Charles Arnum, a truckman from North Adams, ran away at Zylonite Thursday afternoon but was stopped before any serious damage was done.

William Thomas has purchased a new bicycle. It is a Lowell Diamond racer and is a handsome wheel.

J. W. Stiffler and E. J. Noble are in Boston on business.

Fred Goodrich and John Ryan of North Adams visited friends here Thursday.

The regular meeting of the N. E. O. P. will be held this evening.

The Adams whist club will meet as usual this evening.

The local high school team will play at Williamstown Saturday afternoon against the high school team of that place.

Notice to Public.

Having started in business for myself I am prepared to quote prices on all kinds of building and carpenter work. I was for three years foreman for Contractor Fleming and employ only first class workmen. HENRY BEAUCHAMPEL, Contractor.

Card of Thanks

We, the undersigned, wish to thank Messrs. Noble & Stiffler for their very prompt and gentlemanly treatment of the loss which we sustained on our home by fire last week. The fire occurred on Friday, the 13th, and on Tuesday, the 17th, we were paid in full for our loss.

Mr. and Mrs. MICHAEL RADY.

THE SECRET OF A GOOD DISPOSITION.

Mrs. Pinkham Says a Careful Regard for Bodily Health Makes Women Sweet and Attractive to All.

The world is filled with sweet women who are held back from usefulness by some trouble of the female organs.

Pretentiousness and nervousness rapidly destroy sweet dispositions.

Sickly all-worn-out women cannot live happy lives. Nearly every woman may be well and happy if she will follow Mrs. Pinkham's advice.

See what Mrs. Craig says:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and think it is the best medicine for women in the world. I was so weak and nervous that I thought I could not live from one day to the next. I had prolapsus uteri and leucorrhoea, and thought that I would die. I had dragging pains in my back, burning sensation down to my feet, and so many miserable feelings. People said that I looked like a dead woman. Doctors tried to cure me, but failed. I had given up when I heard of the Pinkham medicine. I got a bottle. I did not have much faith in it, but thought I would try it, and it made a new woman of me. I wish I could get every lady in the land to try it, for it did for me what doctors could not do."

—Mrs. SALLIE CRAIG, Baker's Landing, Pa.

That Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a safeguard of woman's health is clearly proven by the thousands of letters constantly being received. Here is one from Mrs. W. P. VALENTINE, 566 Ferry Ave., Camden, N. J.:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Before writing to you I felt very bad, had terrible sick headaches, no appetite, gnawing pain in stomach, pain in my back and right side; was tired and nervous, and so weak I could scarcely stand. I was not able to do anything, had sharp pains all through my body. Before I had taken half a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I found myself improving. I continued its use until I had taken four bottles, and felt so well that I did not need to take any more. I am like a new person."

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best understands a Woman's Ills

"The burning sensation of tender feet was allayed at once by Comfort Powder," says Miss N. M. Murray, of Bellevue, Pa. Its soothing and healing powers have given it the name of the "healing wonder." It is the queen of nursery and toilet powders.

Comfort Powder

THE UMBRELLA ON THE SEA.

Never Raised Aboard Ship, but Used When the Ship Is In Port.

No man before the mast ever carries an umbrella as a part of his outfit, but the officers of deep water ships usually do carry them. The umbrella thus carried is never raised aboard ship; but, arrived in port, it may be brought into use at once.

The captain of a ship anchored in harbor in a tropical region and going ashore in an open boat, perhaps without an awning, to be carried for a considerable distance exposed to the sun, would be very likely to carry his umbrella along and to raise it for his comfort and protection. In such a port an officer of a ship whose duties called him along the shore would be very likely to carry his umbrella.

Umbrellas would not be likely to be carried for protection from the sun in such a place as New York, but even here one might meet a sea captain, a stalwart, bronzed man, who looked as though he had been exposed to the sun and the wind all his life and as though he could stand any exposure, as very probably he could, carrying a yellow sun umbrella. It may be that he carries the umbrella for his greater comfort here or that he is a captain who spends the greater part of his time, or a large part of it, in tropical waters, and that he carries his umbrella ashore here because he is accustomed to carrying it.

The umbrella that the officer of a ship carries most commonly is silk, just such as would be carried ashore, and which

would be suitable for protection either from the sun or the rain. He might need this umbrella in any port he visited for the purposes of a rain umbrella. If his ship were tied up here, for instance, to a wharf in South street, and he should come ashore and go up town on a rainy day, he would not appear in Broadway in sea togs. His apparel would be just like that of the men he met, and he would be quite as likely as they to carry an umbrella, which he would do on going ashore under like circumstances in any port round the world.—New York Sun.

Combed His Hair With a Fence.

"Giants?" said the old circus proprietor. "Oh, yes, we've had some big men in the show at one time and another. One of the biggest we ever had used to comb his hair with a section of a fence. That was a part of the street show when we made the parade in a town. Usually we had an arrangement in advance with the owner of the fence and had a part of it loosened a bit so that the giant wouldn't wreck too much of the fence in picking up the part he wanted to use. When the show came along to his spot, the giant would step up to the fence, take off his hat and pick up the piece—it always looked as if he had tremendous strength, too—and raise it up and comb his hair with it. And then he would put the big comb down again, and put on his hat and move on. This always tickled the people immensely. And he certainly was a big man, but we had a bigger man once. I wouldn't dare tell you how big this other man was, because you couldn't see it."—Strand Magazine.

Pyrocure Cures Piles!

HOW ARE YOU TO BELIEVE IT? If you have suffered from this annoying complaint, you have heard this promised before. Probably tried countless remedies, all with the same result—disappointment. Try one more.

Try Pyrocure—

It has been successful in curing some of the most obstinate cases on record, and hundreds of local people have given it their endorsement. We do not know of a case which it has not at least benefitted. Of course many other remedies can this be said? PYROCURE is purely vegetable and entirely harmless.

For sale by North Adams, Adams, Williamstown, North Pownal and Wilmington druggists.

THE PYROCURE COMPANY,
North Adams, Mass.

ALFORD

Invites

You

To Read This:

\$4,500 buys a modern house, steam heat, hot and cold water, nicely located, fine view, in perfect order and well worth the money.

And This:

\$3,500 for a good seven-room house, lot 60 feet front by 19 rods deep, apples, plums, grapes and currants in profusion, good barn.

And This:

\$800 buys a farm of 110 acres, well watered, house, 8 rooms, two barns. This is less than the cost of the land alone.

And This:

\$2,500 buys a small house, within five minutes walk of Main street.

And This:

\$1,500 buys a two-story, nine-room house, within five minutes walk of Williamstown depot, one-half acre of land, lot of fruit, Broad Brook water.

And This:

For a good investment, the nine-room tenement house, with modern improvements, that rents for \$38 per month, should receive careful consideration.

And This:

\$3,000 is the price of a new seven-room house, with good barn.

And This:

\$4,000 buys a double tenement house that rents for \$26 per month, 8 rooms in each tenement.

Fire Insurance

In the Leading Companies.

A. S. ALFORD,

Real Estate and Insurance.

90 Main Street

DON'T forget the Big Sale of Clothing which began today. All the stock formerly owned by Charles E. Legate is to be sacrificed, and prices have been put upon it that will make it the biggest kind of bonanza for anyone with needs in Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing. There will be offered also a fine line of Furnishings—Collars, Cuffs, Neckwear, Gloves, Hats, Caps, etc.

Everything will go at Half Prices, nothing reserved!

Cash will be the rule and money back if you want it. Be here and be here early.

W. L. & W. H. GOODNOW,
PARK STREET.

Copley Square Hotel

Huntington Ave., Cor. Exeter St., Boston

A new and elegantly appointed fireproof hotel, pleasantly and conveniently located. One minute from Huntington Ave. Station, B. & A. R. R. Five to ten minutes to shopping centers and places of amusement. Electric cars to all points pass the door.

ROOMS SINGLE OR EN SUITE WITH PRIVATE BATHS.

American plan, \$3.50 per day and up. European rooms \$1.50 per day and up.

F. S. Risteen & Co.,



The most fascinating invention of the age. Always ready to entertain. It requires no skill to operate it and reproduces the music of bands, orchestras, vocalists or instrumental soloists. There is nothing like it for an evening's entertainment at home or in the social gathering. You can sing or talk to it and it will reproduce immediately and as often as desired. Your song or words. Other so-called talking machines reproduce only records of cut and dried subjects, specially prepared in a laboratory; but the Graphophone is not limited to such performances. On the Graphophone you can easily make and instantly reproduce records of the voice, or any sound. Thus it constantly awakens new interest and is charmingly ever fresh. The reproductions are clear and brilliant.

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NEW YORK, PARIS, CHICAGO,
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WASHINGTON, BUFFALO.

Great Cut in the Prices of Spring Suitings, Trouserings and Overcoatings.

Owing to the unseasonable weather in the past six weeks, there has been no Spring Clothing sold. Now the season is advancing and our woolen jobbers are anxious to dispose of their Spring and Summer Woolens at a Great Sacrifice. We are prepared to meet them half way by a cut down in our prices that will enable every man who wants Clothing to buy. Do not fail to take advantage of this Great Sacrifice. Call and we will quote prices that will surprise you, and convince you that we mean what we say. All our work is made on the premises, under our own supervision. We make up gentlemen's own material at reasonable prices. If goods, trimming, fit and workmanship are not as represented, your money is refunded.

J. O'BRIEN & CO., TAILORS, 55 Eagle St.

At The Ray Shoe Company

17 Eagle Street

SOME REALLY EXTRAORDINARY SHOE BARGAINS FOR LADIES

Misses and children, men, boys and girls. Most of these special lots are small and you should come early, for the risk of being disappointed. 60 pair ladies' dongola button and laces made to sell for \$1.50, special bargain as long as they last. 93c. 89 pair misses' dongola button and lace at 73c, worth \$1.25. 50 pair children's dongola button regular price 50c will close at 26c. 67 pair men's satin oil lace and congress worth \$1.50 now 93c. 48 pair men's satin calf lace and congress, good value for \$2 to close at 1.13. 39 pair men's grain congress top sole that have no equal at \$1.25. Remember the store

The Ray Shoe Company.
17 Eagle Street.

INSURANCE of All Kinds....

Tinker & Ransford

Office over Adams National Bank, North Adams. The Leading Agents

The Transcript

DAILY—Issued every afternoon (except Sunday) at four o'clock 12 cents a week, 50 cents a month, \$3 a year.
 WEEKLY—Issued every Thursday morning, 10 cents in advance.

BY THE
 TRANSCRIPT PUBLISHING COMPANY,
 C. T. FAIRFIELD, Editor and Manager.
 7508
 THE TRANSCRIPT BUILDING, BANK STREET,
 NORTH ADAMS, MASS.

Know not what record of sin awaits me
 In the other world; but this I do know;
 That I never was so mean as to despise a
 man because he was poor, because he was
 ignorant, or because he was black.
 —John A. Andrew.

MEMBERS ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The latest telegraphic dispatches from all parts of the world are received exclusively by THE TRANSCRIPT up to the hour of going to press.

"WE HOLD THE WESTERN GATEWAY."

From the Seal of the city of North Adams.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 20, '98

Advertisers in THE TRANSCRIPT are the best business men in this community. Their advertisements are worth reading, and they are the firms with whom to trade most advantageously.

Communications on live topics are solicited by THE TRANSCRIPT. They must be signed (not necessarily for publication) and be brief, to insure printing.



Stand by the Flag and President.

A NEEDED REFORMATION.

A good deal of criticism is being directed against the militia system of the country, represented by the various National Guard organizations, because of its general unpreparedness to meet the call of the country for troops. The National Guard was popularly supposed to comprise a reserve army of 130,000 men, so well organized, equipped and drilled as to be ready almost on the instant to take the field against an enemy. But the result of the President's call for volunteers to fight the Spaniards has dispelled this popular delusion. The state troops have not been found, as a rule, well equipped nor, in some cases, physically qualified to perform the arduous duties of soldiers in real war. Let it be said that Massachusetts' quota is at the head of the list in matter of preparation.

These facts, however, may as well be admitted, unpleasant though the confession may be. And the admission does not necessarily imply anything discreditable to our citizen soldiery. For 33 years the American people have enjoyed profound peace, and as the United States has wisely refrained from foreign alliances, there has been no need of keeping up a large military establishment. Consequently there has been nothing to foster a military spirit. Our various state military departments have been maintained more for the sake of providing a police force for the use of the state government in times of violence and rioting, than with any idea that they would ever be needed to fight on foreign soil. And for the purpose for which they were maintained the National Guard has usually served satisfactorily.

But the present emergency has revealed the weak points in our military system, weaknesses for which no one was especially to blame, but for the continuance of which hereafter there will not be any good excuse. We have been learning some valuable lessons from the experience of the last few weeks, and it will be discreditable to American enterprise if we do not profit by our knowledge.

The military reserves of the country evidently need to be reorganized on a more careful basis, and it will be because of surprise if the present revelation of defects in the system on which we have relied does not result in its general reform as soon as the war is off our hands.

Italy is convalescing from its recent crisis.

Ask the navy department no questions and it will tell you no lies.

The principal point about the situation in West Indian waters is an interrogation point.

Admiral Cervera exhibits a decided aversion to being received in proper style on this side.

The silver senators are trying to prove that tinkling cymbals give cheering music in time of war.

It is the other Spanish fleet now that is indulging in a long series of departures from Spanish waters.

The locating of the Cape Verde fleet has become the principal industry in West Indian waters.

Hawaii has formally decided not to be neutral, hoping thereby that the United States shall seize her and make her so.

The physically rejected volunteers are increased at the failure of the bicycle and the obligate to observe the neutrality laws.

Admiral Dewey continues to hold his base in expectation that the next bit will be a snuff one and advance him to the plate.

The archipelago lark would make Spain's loss our load. But there are many who think that our possessions should expand.

General Joseph Wheeler, formerly of the C. S. A., has donated the blue and feels just about 40 years younger than any other general in the army of the U. S. A.

It is claimed that a Pittsfield man studied for two solid hours what he supposed was a war map of the Philippines before he discovered that he had his wife's pattern supplement to Harper's Bazar.

Camp Massachusetts is the name given to the place in which the Second regiment is stationed at Lakeland, Fla. But from present indications, even that last remembrance of home will soon be given up for Camp Cuba.

The two Williamstown schools which are without flags, and which were "caught by the rise" in the suddenly advanced prices of bunting, should learn by experience not to wait for an emergency. Even if the buildings are new, the flag should be one of the first articles of equipment.

The city's first play ground and athletic field constructed for public school pupils is nearly ready for use. It is a notable step in advance when special provision is made for the games of the pupils, instead of leaving them to occupy the nearest vacant lot. While it was unfortunate that the demands of the athletic field called for grading of the field from the street is not beautiful, there are higher demands than those of the artistic eye.

The policy of the administration to conceal all its plans and proposed movements of the army and navy is in line with good judgment and is approved by all thinking people. But it is a little tough on the newspapers which desire to give the news and keep an anxious public informed. In the interests of national success, however, the public and the press are perfectly willing to forego the pleasure of all inside information upon the war movements.

*Swift's Lowell fertilizers, the best fertilizers made, can be bought of T. W. Richmond, the sole agent for North Adams and vicinity. Well-screened coal, wood, hay and straw at lowest cash prices. 1 State Street and 61 Ashland street.

Headache Quickly Cured.
 Dr. Davis' Anti-headache never fail 25c.

BOSTONS DEFEATED.

A Change of Pitchers Interfered With Their Hope of Winning.

Cincinnati, May 20.—The Bostons gave Ten Thousand Dollar Breitenstein a drubbing in the fourth inning of Thursday's game, causing the reds' star twirler to be sent to the bench. "Pink" Hawley was substituted, and his delivery proved as much of an enigma to the champions as Nichols' did to the Cincinnati. The score is not well balanced; with corresponding figures in the base hit and error columns the Bostons would win nine out of ten games; but the same luck which has characterized the play of the Ohio team since this season was won with them, and they won an exciting game before 4000 people. Jake Beckley won the game with his stick. He made three baggers the first three times he faced Nichols. Score:

Cincinnati.	AB	R	B	PO	A	E
McBride, c. f.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Smith, i. f.	4	1	1	3	0	0
McPhee, 2 b.	3	1	0	1	3	1
Beckley, i. f.	4	3	11	2	0	0
Miller, r. f.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Corcoran, s. b.	0	0	4	4	0	0
Irwin, 3 b.	1	0	0	1	0	0
Steinfeldt, 3 b.	1	0	0	2	2	0
Peltz, c.	3	0	0	1	1	0
Breitenstein, p.	2	0	0	1	2	0
Hawley, p.	1	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	28	5	17	14	1	0

Bostons.	AB	R	B	PO	A	E
Hamilton c. f.	4	1	3	2	0	0
Tenney, i. b.	4	0	0	12	0	0
Long, s. b.	3	1	1	1	3	0
Duffy, i. f.	4	0	1	3	0	0
Stilins, 3 b.	4	1	1	1	2	0
Stahl, r. f.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Lowe, 2 b.	4	1	1	2	0	0
Bergen, c.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Nichols, p.	3	0	0	0	4	0
Totals	33	4	8	14	11	0

Cincinnati's.....3 0 0 0 1 0 0 —5
 Bostons.....1 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 —4
 Earned runs—Cincinnati, 4; Boston, 3.
 Two-base hits—Lowe, 3; Three-base hits—Beckley, 3; Collins, Bergen, Stolen base—Smith. Double play—Steinfeldt, Corcoran and Beckley. First base on balls—By Hawley, 1; by Nichols, 4. Hit by pitched ball—By Nichols, 2. Struck out—By Nichols, 1. Time 1:45. Umpires—McDonald and O'Day.

The Brooklyn narrowly escaped a shutout in Louisville. A triple by Tucker and an infield out gave them their only run. Cunningham pitched a fine game. Score: 4 to 1.

The Pawtucket hit life fends, and won easily from the Brocktons. Thatcher held them down to one hit for three innings, but was then set upon. The visitors' three singles and a homer in the fourth netted four runs. Score: 11 to 7.

The New Bedford won from the Fall River in a most exciting finish. In the last inning, with the score 3 to 0 against them, the Fall Rivers had three men on bases with only one out. The best they could do, however, was to score one of these. Score: 3 to 1.

The Newport-Taunton game was never in doubt after the first three innings, in which the Tauntons batted out a lead that stood until the end. Horner, an old timer, made his first appearance of the season in the box, and struck out four of the Newporters in succession. Score: 8 to 5.

The Washingtons batted Isbell of the Chicago off the rubber in the first inning. The Chicago made two on battery errors at the start, but could do nothing with Mercer excepting in the seventh. Score: 7 to 6.

Kittman made his initial bow in league company yesterday and has a shutout to his credit in the Baltimore-Pittsburg game. Score: 6 to 0 for the Orioles.

The St. Louis team was defeated by the New Yorks by a score of 7 to 1.

Fire In Lawrence.

Lawrence, Mass., May 20.—Fire broke out just before 4 o'clock this morning in the Spicket mill, a 2-story wooden structure located near the Arlington mills, and the building with its valuable contents is a total loss, which will exceed \$10,000.

Are gaining favor rapidly. Business men and travelers carry them in vast quantities. They are used in purses, handkerchiefs keep them in medicine bottles, friends recommend them to friends. 25c.

BRITAIN'S GREAT DEAD.

Grief and Sympathy Pervading the Two Continents.

Vice President Regards the Death as a Calamity.

Family Likely to Waive Objections to a National Funeral.

London, May 20.—The universal expression of grief and sympathy gathers volume hourly. Memoirs and reminiscences of Mr. Gladstone are flooding the press, which everywhere shows column rules reversed. Almost every court in Europe has wired condolences.

Vice President Hobart cables The Chronicle as follows: "Not even in his own land was Mr. Gladstone more highly esteemed and venerated than in the United States. His death has been well-nigh a national calamity to us, and it occurred at a time when our people are closely drawn by ties of sympathy and mutual interest toward the nation to which his long career of public usefulness was so generously dedicated."

Captain Alfred T. Mahan, the naval expert, cabled: "The thing that always most impressed me was the profound homage his massive intellect paid to the Christian scheme of faith. That an ever-deepening faith in thought and practice should be the result in such a brain of so long an experience of public life will perhaps be the most lasting and the deepest influence left by this very great man."

Sir Henry Irving, in a sympathetic tribute on behalf of his profession, says: "Mr. Gladstone took the interest in the theater and in the place he was witnessing, upon which his remarks were always characteristic. For example, when seeing 'King Lear' he remarked that he was surprised at the lack of patriotism shown to be existing at the time of the play when the invader was made welcome."

Francis Kossuth, leader of the Hungarian party advocating an independent Hungary, says: "Mr. Gladstone personified the typical Englishman. His death is a blow to all lovers of freedom in Europe."

The body was removed to the large bedroom today and placed in an oak coffin surrounded by an oak cross, extending nearly the whole length of the lid. At its foot will be the inscription. Three panels are on each side, the center of each being of raised dark metal. The date of the funeral has not been fixed, but probably Tuesday will be chosen. The preparations continue for a burial at Hawarden. Up to last evening the family has received no notice of the national funeral which will be voted in parliament today. The general opinion favoring an interment in Westminster abbey, the family will probably give way to the national request. Mr. Gladstone did not leave any wishes on the subject. Dean Bradley of the abbey has selected as the most suitable spot the nave.

In consequence of the death of Mr. Gladstone, the state ball at Buckingham palace, which had been fixed for Monday next, will be postponed.

Bay State Legislature.

Boston, May 20.—In the house the ways and means committee reported a bill for a \$400,000 appropriation for state highways, \$300,000 of which are to be spent this year and \$100,000 to go over for early work in 1899. The bill further provides that none but citizens of the commonwealth shall be employed on work.

The committee on judiciary today reported in the house a bill to authorize the adoption of the Torrens system of land transfer.

The bill to regulate the business of bakeries and the hours of labor of the persons employed therein came up for a third reading in the house. After several amendments had been adopted the bill was refused a third reading. Notice of a motion to reconsider was given.

Senator George moved a reconsideration of the vote by which the senate passed to be engrossed the bill preventing the reduction of wages of women and minors in manufacturing establishments, and then on his motion the whole matter was put over until Wednesday.

By a vote of 26 to 66 the house refused to substitute a bill for the taxation of property bequeathed to foreign trustees and accepted the adverse report of the committee on taxation.

Spanish View of the blockade. London, May 20.—The Madrid correspondent of The Standard says: "The blockade of Cuba and Porto Rico is considered illusory, as Spanish warships and merchant vessels are frequently moving from port to port between the islands. The mail steamer Alfonso XII went out from San Juan de Porto Rico to meet the vessels detached from Admiral Cervera's squadron, and then continued her voyage to Spain after delivering an important communication for the commander. The success of Admiral Cervera in avoiding the American fleets and keeping them on the alert excites much enthusiasm and causes the press to clamor for a prompt dispatch of the reserve fleet to the front."

Received a Knockout Blow. New Haven, May 20.—Irving Webster, 30 years of age, a well-known professional boxer, received a knockout blow in the third round of a friendly bout with James Eagan and died three hours later. Eagan is under arrest pending the investigation of Coroner Mix. Both men were employed by the New Haven Manufacturing company, and the bout occurred during the noon hour.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

ALMANAC, SATURDAY, MAY 21.
 Sun rises—4:17; sets, 7:05.
 Moon sets—5:32 p. m.
 High water—12 noon; 12 night.

While there is a chance of cooler temperatures tonight or Saturday morning, it is most likely to continue warm remainder of the week, with southerly winds. The weather Saturday promises to be partly cloudy, and local showers or thunderstorms may occur, but the greater part of the time will be without rain.

Mummies Made to Order.

Petrified human remains are made to order, they say, at Crookston, Mo. Phoebe Finn, a colored woman of the place, serves as the model from which plaster casts are made for fraudulent museum exhibits, and she has earned a comfortable living in this way for many years. The average price of a petrified human body made of plaster of paris and clay and so skillfully treated as to appear to be genuine is \$100.

—New York Tribune.

OUR NEW-YORK LETTER.

PERIODS OF GREAT ELATION AND DEPRESSION ON WALL STREET.

Money Changers Mightily Affected From Day to Day by the Current News—The War Not Yet Real to Them—Conservative Bankers—Savings Institutions.

NEW YORK, May 20.—[Special.]—Over and over again since the breaking out of hostilities it has been proved to the credit of Americans that we are not an overly mercenary people nor given unduly to hysterical excitement.

But it is just to be confessed that Wall street, by which is here meant that part of the business community only which is devoted to speculation in stocks and securities, has been first depressed and then buoyant from day to day in strict accordance with the current war news. It has seemed from the beginning to the present time, in fact, as if the money changers of the metropolis have believed that the conclusion of the war and the future of business rested each day almost entirely upon the news furnished the front received on that particular date.

Wall Street's Fluctuations.

Dullness, dreading and paralyzing began to settle down upon the Stock Exchange on the date of the blockade's beginning, April 22, and increased steadily with each succeeding day for a period of about two weeks, or until the arrival, on May 7, of detailed news from Commodore Dewey that he had actually done all and more at Manila than had been reported. As soon as Dewey's report was received, however, there came a great reaction. On the previous day transactions on the exchange had reached a very low ebb, only 88,000 shares changing hands. Next day there were transactions in 350,000 shares, or nearly four times as many, and a somewhat similar state of affairs obtained with regard to bonds, the dealings therein being more than twice as large on the day after the report's reception as on the day before.

This sudden change from virtual torpor to feverish activity, this revival, was not a matter of only a day or two either. There was a steady increase of business and on the close of the exchange till the close of the week, the transactions on day reaching the high aggregate of 455,000 shares, not high water mark, to be sure, but yet high enough to remind every one of "the good old times" and bring smiles of delight to the faces of brokers all, both great and small.

Money, which had been phenomenally tight, loosened up wonderfully, too, and, while it was difficult before Dewey's report to borrow at 6 per cent, within two days thereafter it was possible to "get all you wanted" without difficulty, to use a phrase of the street, at 4.

War Yet an Illusion.

It has been virtually the same ever since. The slightest bit of good news has caused everything to boil in Wall street. Bad news has caused a slump of more or less magnitude, according to the importance of the news. Until Dewey proved that Americans know how to shoot and are not afraid to fight Wall street was timid beyond what was written.

When both these facts were known to be eternally true, Wall street accepted as a foregone conclusion the dictum that the Spaniards would not be able to do anything of moment need be expected from them, while the close of the war must be a matter of only a few weeks or perhaps days. When the news of the killing of Ensign Bagley and four of his brave companions on the Winslow—sad indeed, but only a slight foreboding of what must inevitably happen before the war is over—was received, there were tremors again. Only a few such dispatches as were received almost daily in civil war times were needed to cause a reaction, in fact, to throw the whole brokerly force of New York into a veritable blue funk.

"Yet it may be said truly, in my opinion," declared a veteran of the street in the writer's hearing today, "that the Wall street men of 1898 have formed only the faintest conception of what war really is. The struggle between the United States and Spain is so far only a sort of illusion to them, a something whose greatest importance lies in its relations to the street. I have no doubt that the present war will cause a far more serious reaction in the people, though it cannot be so in the cases of those whose friends and relatives have gone to the front either in the volunteer army or on board the ships of our navy."

Faith In Money's Power.
 "One of the causes for quick recovery of spirits by the run of Wall street men," continued the veteran, "has hitherto lain in the belief that the money kings of Europe, assisted perhaps by the kings enthroned, would not permit the war to continue, since its prolongation must cause such a tremendous interference with business."

"That the power of the European bankers is sufficient to stop hostilities were it exercised in earnest many of the younger Wall street men do not yet doubt for a moment. This notion is comprehensible, since for a period of 30 years of measurable peace the world over the power of 'business interests' has been supreme. It should be said for the real financiers of New York, the bankers, especially the older ones, that they do not share this notion to any extent. There was a time some weeks ago when they had a hope that Spain might be controlled through her creditors, but that hope has now virtually disappeared. Bankers now look to see Spain hold out until thoroughly thrashed, unless she finds it impossible to continue resistance by reason of internal dissensions or financial bankruptcy. Should either of these causes bring the war to a speedy and favorable conclusion or should the United States win a decisive naval victory, then the Wall street brokers, especially the younger men, will never probably reach a much clearer idea of what real war is than they have now. Otherwise they are likely to experience periods of nervousness beside which the tremors through which they have already passed will seem of mighty small account."

The Savings Bank.
 The feeling of the savings banks and those who deposit their surplus savings in the institutions is shown by the fact that the deposits are not now increasing to any extent and that the banks are not doing much investing. In fact, only one savings institution in all New York has increased its investments enough to be worth mentioning since the beginning of the blockade.

This bank occupies an exceedingly enviable position among such establishments here, its deposits having increased steadily since the opening of hostilities at about the same rate as before.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
 To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, or should they, can give you a booklet, a sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.
 Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarella's Candy Cathartic cleans your blood and keeps it clean, by stirring the liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarella's Candy Cathartic. Satisfaction guaranteed. No. 100, New York.

*Nice glass of cool lager or ale at Whalen's 1 West Main street.

*Whalen, 1 West Main street delivers pure lager or ale in cases to any part of the city.

*Strawberry shortcake, with cream, at Hestford's tonight and every night.

Have you ever looked over our

China and

Cut Glass?

We carry the finest stock in this city.



The recognized headquarters for fine repairing.

Business here is constantly increasing, sales are growing and growing. People are finding out that we more than save them.

\$3 on Every \$10 Purchase.

Such bargains as these tomorrow.

Men's and Young Men's Suits of pure wool, neat pattern, both plain and fancy, considered bargain elsewhere at \$5 and \$6. Our price,

\$3.90

Suits of solid test worsted, fine casimere and chevot, checks, plaids and plain colors, light and dark colors, better than \$10 suits elsewhere. Our price,

\$7.00

"Highest grades imported fabrics in triple weave worsteds, smooth cassimeres, clay diagonal, silk and satin lined, costliest and most durable trimmings, real value \$20. Our price,

\$12.00

4 ply linen collars,

10c

Worsted trousers,

\$3.00

First quality hats, equal to the best, \$2.50 elsewhere, our price

\$1.90

MONEY WILLINGLY REFUNDED.

J. Summer.

One Price Clothier, 61 Main St.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Berkshire, ss. Probate Court.
 To all persons interested in the estate of Eliza Blackinton late of North Adams in said county, deceased.

Whereas, Edward S. Wilkinson and Frank A. Walker, executors of the will of said deceased, have presented for allowance the first account of their administration upon the estate of said deceased:
 You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Pittsfield, in said County, on the seventh day of June, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.
 And said executors are ordered to serve this citation by delivering a copy thereof to all persons interested in the estate of said deceased at least before said court, or by publishing the same once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the North Adams Transcript, a newspaper published in North Adams, the last publication to be one day at least before said court, and by mailing, postpaid, a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said court.

Witness, Edward T. Slocum, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this fifth day of March in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

FRED E. SHAW, Register.

With or Without Plates.

Satisfaction guaranteed. Decayed teeth can be crowned and permanently saved, and missing ones replaced by the gold and porcelain crowning system. NO PAIN TO TROUBLE.

OPTICAL.

Eyes tested and errors of refraction corrected by suitable glasses.

Dr. Clark's Dental & Optical Parlors.
 Main St., cor. Eagle.

COLUMBIA OPERA HOUSE.

ONE SOLID WEEK

Commencing Monday May 16.

RACHELLE RENARD

Supported by JOHN A. PRESTON and an exceptionally strong company in a repertoire of standard plays.

Monday will be ladies' night and the opening bill will be

INGOMAR

With special scenery and elegant costumes.

Prices 10, 20 and 30.

Seats on sale at Bartlett's Friday at 9 a. m.

BAD BREATH

It has been using CASCARETS and as a result of their use they are now healthy and free from all ailments. They are a great help in the family. They are a great help in the family. They are a great help in the family.



CURE CONSTIPATION.
No-TO-BAC is a great help in the family. They are a great help in the family. They are a great help in the family.

L. Shields MASON AND
BUILDER.
Work done at the lowest prices possible for good work. Estimates on work cheerfully given.

Work done at the lowest prices possible for good work. Estimates on work cheerfully given.

STOP SMOKING
No-TO-BAC is a great help in the family. They are a great help in the family. They are a great help in the family.

A Good Deal Better
—For a—

A Good Deal Less.
is what you may expect in buying

Traveling Bags, Dress Suit Cases, Music Rolls, Belts, Etc.

At my new factory, 131 State st. Retail trade solicited.

F. J. BARBER,
Manufacturer.

Take Adams car.

The A J Houghton Co's

BOCK BEER

In Half and Quarter Barrels. Cases are now ready for delivery at

T. Mulcare & Co's,
28 Marshall Street

I have some very fine

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE

AT A LOW FIGURE.

A. S. Alford,
90 MAIN STREET.

W. H. GAYLORD

Great Mark-Down Sale of

Cloaks and Capes

Cloaks marked down to one-half the usual price to clear them quickly and surely.

Handkerchiefs

Handkerchiefs

A large special stock of Handkerchiefs is here to choose from. More styles than you can imagine, all at little enough prices.

W. H. GAYLORD

DR. MOOT'S

PENNYROYAL PILLS

They overcome Weakness, irregularity and obstructions, increase vigor and health, "point of menstruation." They are

"Life Savers"

to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. 50¢ per box by mail. Sold by druggists.

DR. MOOT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

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They overcome Weakness, irregularity and obstructions, increase vigor and health, "point of menstruation." They are

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DR. MOOT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

WHITE OAKS.

Our community has been greatly shocked by the tragedy which occurred on Oak Hill Monday afternoon. But Rhodes shot himself with a revolver borrowed from his uncle Moses. Whether accidental or not it is difficult to say as he was alone at the moment the deed was done. The bullet entered his body a little below the heart and glanced from a rib which undoubtedly saved his life. There are all sorts of rumors about concerning the circumstances which led to the deed, there are certain facts, however, which are undoubtedly beyond dispute and these undoubtedly prepared the way for this sad event. A constant diet for the mind of the yellow covered trashy literature, a continual absorption of the subtle poison from the habitual smoking of cigarettes. Add to these needless and probably groundless insinuations concerning the conduct of one year and dear. Then in the whole system with alcohol, even for a few hours, and the result can not help being destructive to health, happiness and peace. We do not say this young man has gone to extremes beyond others. We know he has many excellent traits and we hope and believe that he will live to be a wiser and better man. The vital question for this and every other community is. Will our youth learn the lesson which comes from the death of this young man? Will they better home and their nerves with a more healthy tonic and will we learn to cease from being busy bodies and employ our tongues more profitably than in common neighborhood gossip?

Miss S. B. Hopper gave a very interesting address on the life and traits of the people of the Hawaiian Islands before the Helping Hand Temperance society Sunday evening.

WHEN NATURE

Needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies with gentleness. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is Syrup of Fig, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

FLORIDA.

Mrs. William Raycraft spent a few days last week with relatives in North Adams.

Mrs. Haller of Westboro has been visiting her daughter, Miss May Hallier, who is teaching in district No. 1.

Mrs. William Allen of Monroe, with her little son, Claude Beers, have been visiting for a time in C. N. Beers.

Mrs. Dorcas P. Campbell, with her sister, Louise Green of Belmont, N. J., have been visiting friends in town this week.

E. W. Sears of Hawley has been purchasing cattle of the farmers in town, which were delivered to him the first of the week.

The road machine is making its annual trip through town, and with it is being done which will show for itself what it is.

A. B. Clark of West Dover, Vt., is in town. Mr. Clark is expected to visit some carpentering here this spring.

W. C. Reed was at the tunnel Saturday night, helping to right matters on the railroad after the afternoon's accident.

Myron C. Harris and wife, who have been living in Amherst, are at S. S. Thatcher's and will make their home at Drury farm. Mrs. Harris is a daughter of S. S. Thatcher.

The next meeting of the Ladies' Aid society will be held on Wednesday afternoon, June 1. It is hoped there will be a full attendance at this meeting.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES.

Allen's Foot-Powder, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting, nervous feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Powder is light and fine and feels easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c. in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

CHARLEMONT.

Charles Temple, who for a number of years has had charge of the grist mill here, has gone to Charlestown to work in the state prison.

George Pray's little son was very ill last week with membranous croup, but is now better and is hoped to be out of danger. He was attended by Dr. Putnam of North Adams.

The measles have made their appearance and there have been several cases in school.

Julian Hawke, a son of Clinton Hawke, has enlisted in one of the Springfield companies and is on his way to Cuba.

The war and war news is the engrossing topic of conversation. Daily papers are eagerly looked for and there are hardly enough to supply the call for them.

Many of the dwellings and the places of business have hung to the breeze the stars and stripes, but where is the schoolhouse flag, that is not out?

Mrs. George Bixby, who was called suddenly to New York to care for her mother, returned last week leaving her mother still quite ill.

WILMINGTON.

Mrs. M. L. Burr is in New York taking care of her sister, Mrs. Perry, who has not yet recovered from a severe illness.

W. Russell, a son of Shelburne Falls, is visiting his family for a few days.

Mrs. Martha Harris is visiting at her daughter's, Mrs. Fred Burroughs, in North Heath for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Adams have returned from their sojourn at Asheville in North Carolina.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter A. Hall were in North Adams on Sunday, returning Monday.

Miss Alice Plimpton has been clerking for Spencer & Co. for a few days.

Clinton Haynes was in North Adams last week on business.

A. P. Cheesman was in Benning one day recently.

Where any Private Harm Doth Grow

we are to consider Instruction in the light of a Plaster to apply to it," said the judicious Hooker.

Yes, and where such "harm" as Muscular Rheumatism, Backache, Sciatica, Pleurisy, Coughs, Colds, Soreness and Pain do flourish and abound—as at this special time of year—we are to consider

Benson's Plaster

as the only proper thing to apply to the spots thus afflicted. For this famous External Remedy carries healing in its touch. Its soothing, warm, coaxes the blood from congested parts, stops the pain, relaxes and limbers the stiffened muscles, and prevents the most miserable of Plasters, as ages old, but the best plaster ever made

BELONGS TO OUR DAY.

and is known throughout the world as Benson's. Be sure you get the genuine. Price 25c.

Sashbury & Johnson, Mfg. Chemists, N. Y.

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Sashbury & Johnson, Mfg. Chemists, N. Y.

A DRUGGIST'S ENDORSEMENT!

A very common trouble originates from impure blood.

The astounding success accomplished by Curo Blood Tonic in this complaint is because of its purifying powers.

Thousands of people know what is meant by the itching and burning of salt rheum and eczema. It frequently affects the hands, head and face, causing intense pain, disfigurement and indescribable distress, interfering with work and pleasure. This disease is caused by an impure condition of the blood and the true way to cure it is by thoroughly purifying the blood with Curo Blood Tonic, which thoroughly eradicates the cause of the disease by making the blood rich and pure and removes the itching, burning, smarting and swelling which are caused by Salt Rheum or Eczema.

Mr. E. B. Brown, a popular and well-known druggist, residing at 57 Wabash street, Pittsfield, Mass., says: I have dreadfully afflicted with Salt Rheum for years. My arms and legs being affected at times. I have used many prominent physicians' prescriptions, and a number of well known special preparations, but nothing had the desired effect. I have taken three bottles of Curo Blood Tonic, and am really surprised at the result. It has entirely disappeared. I will certainly recommend Curo Blood Tonic to any one afflicted with Salt Rheum or Eczema. Regular \$1 bottle, 25c.

For sale by Malone the druggist, Eagle street, Farley, Holden street, North Adams, Riley's, Adams.

A LESSON FROM A LADY.

As my pet in dressos trailing, tightly clinging to the railing Of the stairs, descends she cries, "I'm a lady—largest size. Round the bend beneath her curls, Happiest of happy girls, But on the lowest step she slips, Heading to the floor she slips.

Finery is all unneeded. Tears are flowing unimpeded. To my lap she straightway flies, There to hide her tear stained eyes. "You're a lady; mustn't cry. Answer me with sob and sigh As I smooth a tangled curl. "No; I'm just your little girl."

We may stride in plumes and feather Proudly through the sunny weather. But when clouds of trouble fall Round about us like a pall All unneeded garments fly. Straight we seek the breast divine, Far from worldly cares and harms, Humbled children in his arms. —Josephine Page in London Standard.

A GREAT DISCOVERY.

"Wanted—A gentleman possessing valuable secret desires to meet party of means possessing some astronomical knowledge and willing to spend \$5,000 in carrying out a new and valuable experiment. Address Murray, care Clark & Co., bankers, from 9 a. m. to 12 m."

As I ate my breakfast I found I was mentally comparing myself with the qualifications in "The Times" and with the gratifying (?) result that I found I filled the description.

Gratifying? Yes, very. Here I was, an even 30 years old, with an abundance of wealth and a direful dearth of means of amusement. Do you wonder, then, that this strange advertisement should have a fascination for me?

As I wondered my way to the office of Clark & Co. thoughts of possible riches and big game games flitted idly through my head, but I was endowed with a liberal supply of egotism, and I hardly gave them consideration.

As I inquired of a clerk at Clark & Co.'s for Murray I fancied I detected a fleeting smile of curiosity cross his face, but I was quickly ushered into an inner office, where I found myself confronted by a finely built young man of about 35, who cordially extended his hand as he read my card.

Mr. Hoffman, I am pleased to meet you, for I have known you long by reputation. Be seated. My name is Murray, Mr. Hoffman—Gordon Murray—and I presume you desired to see me regarding my advertisement in "The Times"?

I assented.

"I thought as much. But first, Mr. Hoffman, I presume you are willing to sink \$5,000 in an experiment that will not yield any cash dividends?"

Mr. Hoffman, before we proceed further I must enjoin on you a promise of the strictest confidence in case you decide against me. If you decide for me my secret becomes yours, and your discretion must be your dictator."

"Mr. Murray, you have my word of honor as a gentleman," I replied.

"Thank you, Mr. Hoffman. I am a physician of moderate practice and more moderate income. I am pleased to incline to the study of astronomy and chemistry. In my study of the former I have had a great and pervading desire to investigate the sun, and toward that end all my energies have been directed, with the result that I have discovered a chemical preparation which, inserted between the glasses of an ordinary astronomical telescope, will increase its power more than ten times and at the same time will neutralize the brilliancy of the sun's rays so as to make it perfectly easy to search the surface of the planet."

"Now, Mr. Hoffman, this appears as a wild and fantastical assertion, but I know this from experience with a small hand telescope, and I am only prevented from putting my theory more strongly to the test by lack of funds to obtain such an instrument as I wish, and it is for this I desire to meet a man willing to fund the experiment."

For several minutes after Dr. Murray ceased speaking I sat astounded at the boldness of the assertion and yet convinced that the man before me spoke the truth.

I looked again, rather anxiously, I will admit, at the dark, thoughtful face to see if I could detect any signs of insanity. Far from it. Never was there a more sane looking individual. Absurd as the idea appeared, yet it fascinated me, and the more I thought the more enthusiastic I became.

"Well, Mr. Hoffman, do you consider me a fool or a crank or both?"

I started at the words, to find Dr. Murray gazing at me with a quiet look of amusement in his eyes.

"Neither, doctor, neither. But I presume you are prepared to furnish me some proof of your sincerity?" I queried.

"Certainly, sir. Would Mr. Clark of this firm suffice?"

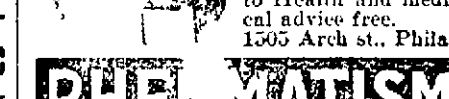
"His word would be satisfactory," I replied.

"Then, Mr. Hoffman, I beg to refer you to him. And, pardon me, but when may

MURRAY'S

I will guarantee that my Rheumatism Cure will relieve lumbago, sciatica and all rheumatic pains in two or three hours, and cure in a few days.

At all druggists, 25c. a vial. Guide to Health and medical advice free. 1505 Arch st. Phila.



a expert answer? I should desire to see the patient at an early date, so that the apparatus could be ready by the 23d of —, on which day, you know, the sun makes its nearest approach to the earth."

"You may have my answer in ten minutes if Mr. Clark is in," I replied.

"He is at present in his private office. Allow me to show you the way. Mr. Clark, may I present Mr. Hoffman, who desires to question you regarding my theory?"

Mr. Hoffman, will you wait in the outer office? Mr. Murray silently left me with Mr. Clark.

"Mr. Clark," I began, "them—or—er—you—er—undoubtedly know something of the nature of my business with Dr. Murray."

"I do, Mr. Hoffman."

"Do you consider Dr. Murray honest in his character and convictions?" I asked.

"Mr. Hoffman, I have known Dr. Murray all his life, and I consider him a man above board in his character and views."

"Thank you, Mr. Clark. I believe that is all I care to know." And I bowed myself from the office, to find myself face to face with Dr. Murray, who was nervously pacing the outer office. As I approached he gazed anxiously into my face.

"Dr. Murray," I said, "while your scheme appears very chimerical, yet I am disposed to believe in it. What do you propose to do?"

"To obtain as large a telescope as practical and have the necessary changes made in it, then take it to R—and set it up ready for the 23d," he answered.

"Can such an instrument as you desire be obtained soon enough?" I asked.

"I know of an excellent instrument that can be purchased for \$3,000, and the necessary changes can be made in about a week."

"Then, doctor, I am prepared to bank the enterprise. I will arrange with my bankers, Hicks, Baker & Co., to honor your drafts to the extent of \$5,000, and I will see you tomorrow. Where?"

"At my office, if you please, 1738 Lexington avenue."

"Good day, doctor." And I found myself in the street, wondering whether I was a chump, an ass, or both.

The time passed rapidly until the 23d, and it seemed once as though our instrument would not be placed at R—and on the desired day, so many unforeseen difficulties arose to delay us.

But Dr. Murray was as energetic as he was enthusiastic, and the night of the 21st found us installed on the top floor of the Hotel Irving and the instrument placed in a temporary observatory erected on the roof.

Dr. Murray and I had small interest in anything else. We were thinking with all our energies of the experiment tomorrow and its result. What would it be?

But tomorrow became today, and slowly the fog cleared itself through until it looked but 15 minutes of the appointed time to begin our experiment. And what would we learn if Murray's discovery were right?

What wonders would that great golden orb yield to our inquisitive eyes?

Somehow I felt strangely oppressed as I peered up and down the hall outside our rooms, as with some impending evil, and to quiet my nerves I lighted a cigar.

As I sat there, puffing away to me, and I was startled to note how strangely pale he was, but before I could speak he stopped me with a gesture.

"Hoffman," he said, "we are all ready now to put my discovery to the test. What it will prove I cannot say, but I feel that something strange and terrible is about to happen. I don't doubt that the telescope will work, that my discovery will prove successful, but I am certain that what it will reveal will be far beyond our imagination."

"But, doctor, you see—" I interrupted.

"No, no, Hoffman, let us not talk about it. Let us go and see. But first I promised that on the day we made this experiment I would reveal the formula of my discovery, and I will do so now."

"Never mind that now, doc. Wait till we see if it works. Let us go up to the observatory, and I led me way up the stairs. Murray kept following.

As we stepped on the roof I glanced at my watch. It looked but five minutes, and I strove over to the telescope and began carefully examining its adjustments for at least the hundredth time.

As I did so I was startled by the loud clang of the fire alarm and cries of "Fire! Fire!" in the street below.

I turned toward Murray, but he was hurrying toward the edge of the roof, saying that he must follow, only to be stopped before I could take half a dozen steps by Murray, who had been leaning over the edge of the roof, and now turned to me with blanched face and exclaimed:

"Good heavens, Hoffman, this is the hotel, and it is one mass of flames."

He turned again to the street, and as he did so a cry of horror escaped my lips, for in his excitement he seemed to have forgotten that he was not alone.

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He turned

OUR PARIS FASHION LETTER

[Copyright, 1898.]

Paris, May 3.—At the Concours Hippique, which is to Paris what the horse show is to New York, one sees the finest displays of gowns and millinery so far afforded this spring. Women save their finest frocks for the opening of the equestrian show. This season the concours has opened in new quarters in the Galerie des Machines, Champ de Mars, and some pessimists predicted that owing to its great distance from the boulevards the concours would not be so fashionable as hitherto. Quite the contrary seems to be the case. At any rate, seldom have so many fine toilets been seen or so many beautiful and high bred women.

One of the most stunning costumes worn by a leader of the beau monde was of silk and chiffon in green, white,

riching. An applique of lace adorned the silk, and a vest of the soft white chiffon softened the silk of the bodice. This, too, was trimmed with an applique of cream lace. In the back the seamless vest of chiffon was drawn through a buckle of brilliant, the chiffon falling to the skirt in broad sash ends. With the costume went a lovely cape of white silk matching the gown and having a high collar lined with

top of the head caused by the piling of the hair high up with the Spanish combs. Sometimes the same end is attained by allowing the ends of a small scarf to fall over the hair. Forget-me-nots, violets, primulas, roses and geraniums are often massed at the back of the hat. All the newest hats have the trimming piled in the center of the front rather than at the side. Puffings and ruchings of the light, transparent fabrics are popular, the ruching sometimes being cleverly interwoven with the straw.

Periwinkle seems to be the prevailing shade, and, although it does not sound promising, it really looks very charming when combined with some of the vivid greens which are so much in vogue here. I noticed on the boulevards a very happy combination of these two shades in a periwinkle tinted gown of the softest silk. It had broad bands of emerald green velvet over white chiffon folds set under the silk of the skirt. The latter was edged with black and white lace, and the bodice had a yoke of white lace and chiffon, with a row of steel beads outlining every intersection of the two. The lace was carried down horizontally, ending in the jeweled belt.

The demands of the season's fashions as shown in the workshops of the great dressmakers will be not only for a striking contrast of colors, but for a remarkable combination of fabrics. Cloth is combined with grenadine, nun's veiling with foulard. Sleeves and skirts of silk have the most tissue-like materials for bodices. Chiffon and lace veiled with lace are favorite materials for fancy corsages. Some of the sleeves differ in regard to the shape of the cuffs, but the majority are close fitting or plain, having the material ruffled on the lining or simply arranged in diagonal folds.

Nothing but the most startling effects are shown in skirt trimming. Flat scallops of the materials are applied across the front breadth, lifted at the sides and thence carried down. The flounces across the front of the gown, imitating the old fashioned overskirt, make a favorite arrangement for street and evening dresses, but it is far from pretty, and it gives most figures a chopped off appearance.

One peculiar thing about Paris is that each season some one of the leading modistes has his day as the favorite of the fashionable women. One season it is Worth, another it is Doucet, another Lamerie. This year it is New-firm who is in evidence. One of his fashions, noticed also at the Concours Hippique, was of venetian cloth, light in coloring and edged with a creamy

bound of beige, outlined with five narrow tucks. The fullness was skillfully adjusted, giving an excellent swing to the skirt. The bodice had a triple vest, one in ivory satin worked with gold thread, another of the new shade of rose and the third in cream colored cloth. At the neck was a dainty chemise of mousseline de soie and guipure.

For the benefit of those American ladies devoted to the joys of bicycling a word in regard to some of the new bicycling costumes to be seen on the models in the swaggar tailoring establishments may not be amiss. To be quite au fait elaboration of design is less desirable than elegance of finish and material. Better a plainly made frock by Redfern, every line of which bears the hall mark of style, than a half dozen richly braided gowns from an inferior cutter and fitter.

The beauty of the new bicycling costumes is that they have left behind all hint of seeking after the bizarre. The new frocks, too, may be used either as tennis, golf or bicycling gowns and come a little below the shoe tops. One very effective costume is shown in the illustration. It is cloth of a dark green mixture and is elaborated with narrow black silk braid. With it is worn a blouse in green and white glace silk. The blouse has a collar consisting of the reverse of Irish point lace and a vest of green tucked chiffon.

The other costume shown herewith is of gray cloth ornamented with broad bands of braiding formed by the parallel arrangement of white Russian cord. This jacket has an odd arrangement of the collar and revers. Sailor hats alternate with the alpine pattern and are most of them more fully trimmed than last year. Ribbon, quills and the plainest of feathers are massed at the sides.

The tight fitting Norfolk jacket figures largely in the new cycle costume fashions on exhibition. A stiff collar and a shirt front displayed under small revers, with a large bow on the broad necktie, go with it.

Very little variety is possible in cutting dresses. The tight jacket, worn with the short front, the round short jacket, open and loose in the front, an adaptation of the Russian blouse, skirts long and plain, except for such additions of braid as the taste of the wearer dictates, are about the only possible variations in style.

Americans will be interested to hear that Count Jean de Castellane, a relative of Count Boniface de Castellane, the husband of Anna Gould, is about to be married. The bride to be is the daughter of the late Duc de Paléyrou, and her mother is a daughter of the Marquis de Castellane. The lady is the widow of the Prince de Furstenberg and is also related to the Gould-Castellanes. The wedding will take place in the latter part of this month and will be celebrated very quietly.

The Princess de Furstenberg's maternal grandfather, by the way, was the man who set the example to the Castellanes of marrying for money. He was in the French army under the empire, was one of the noted beaux of his day and ended by wedding an enormously rich woman of the bourgeois class. Her fortune was divided between the mother of the Princess de Furstenberg and the father of the present Marquis de Castellane.

As something has been mentioned concerning cutting frocks, it may be well to observe that this season's ties differ materially from those of the past year. The long, loose scarf of gayly colored silk, of white lawn and net, edged with lace and arranged in a high stock collar about the neck, is becoming to almost any one. The long bow that ties under the chin is a matter of time and patience, and to achieve a

really artistic bow requires so much taste and skill that many women who might otherwise be devoted to soft ties eschew them for that reason. Of such ties worthy of detail some are of glaze silk with the ends over the collar band and the mittened end showing an insertion and edge of lace. There are also some pretty conceits in grenadine, colored in three tints. Very few women find the white linen collar unbecoming, and with the variety of cravats and scarfs to choose from they are certain to be adopted for outdoor wear.

The hegin for Cannes still keeps up. The Grand Duke Michael of Russia has been there for some time, and the interest taken in golf by his wife and him-

their red jackets matched in the shade of the red silk parasols and silk sleeved sweaters. Some one, it is said, has introduced a new softening sunbonnet, but no maiden in Cannes has yet been brave enough to appear in it. The bonnet will be rounder and wider than the old fashioned country sunbonnet and will be constructed of daintily flowered lawns and cambrics and tied under the wearer's chin with broad bows of white.

The newest stockings shown in the shops are even finer than heretofore. To be quite correct the stockings must be so delicate that it will pass through a lady's ring. Some of these are of openwork pattern, ovals of lace being let into the instep and narrow insertions of the lace starting at the toe and twining spirally about the leg to the top of the stocking. Adornments of colored flowers are embroidered on the instep of other hosiery.

Slippers of black velvet with gilt heels are to be worn and are supposed to make the feet look small, but they really give the pedal extremity quite a grotesque appearance. Pale gray, sage green and bronze slippers have red heels, and red shoes and slippers themselves are shown in greater variety and quantity than ever before. Extravagant

WASH GOWNS AND WAISTS.

Nothing is more tempting to woman than an array of pretty wash materials. They combine all the pretty materials, are airy in texture and then are reasonable as to price.

Imported organdies have a variety of patterns that bring out the vivid colors, though the dainties and other wash materials show a preference for the paler shades. In the organdies much admired are those of emerald green showing pink tinted flowers that are brought out over a lining of American Beauty silk. A second pattern is in light American Beauty, and a French design has its groundwork of blue overlaid with pink flowers. Navy blues are also seen begrimed with flowers. White organdie is always a favorite material for evening gowns, but this year it will snare honors with solid colored organdies in pink, blue, lavender, red, yellow and black, and navy blue. In caplet mulls the pale colors prevail and are seen in dainty combinations of lavender, white and green, pink, green and lavender and similar delicate shadings.

In French batistes the favored French combination of pink, blue and white prevails, with an effective tone of color given in a tiny stripe of black.

In Irish dimities there is seen the very best that the celebrated manufacturers of Belfast send out. In all the shades of blue, with white figures, innumerable patterns are seen. Red is a color not slighted in the dimitie line, and lavender comes forward in varied designs. Then there are lovely patterns in the ever popular black and white combination and an infinite variety of pure white dimities figured, hair striped and checked.

In Swiss batistes there is a favored design that has in a ground of white different colored stripes, with taffeta figures in between. A pattern in black and white of this material is exquisitely dainty.

In colored batistes of moderate prices there is a variety of lovely patterns that make the batiste a rival with the more costly organdies.

In pure white materials for gowns and fancy waists there is shown, besides the white French organdies, batiste claire, batiste mulls, India linons and French nainsooks.

Waist in Glace Taffeta.

A waist that is much admired is of mauve glace taffeta. It has a guimpe in front and a straight collar of white satin covered with tulle spangled and embroidered in silver. Three bias folds of uncovered white satin encircle the guimpe. They are just wide enough to reach to the shoulders. Extending up one side are three more bias folds that join the bias folds around the guimpe at a sharp angle, where they are caught together with six little square turquoise buttons. The sleeves are small and swell lightly over the hand, the cuffs being made of satin folds, above which three turquoise buttons are set near the seam. The belt is of deep violet velvet.

The New Neckwear.

The new cravats or scarfs are made in delicate shades of mauve, pink, blue and cream mousseline de soie and the long ends appliqued with a cut out lace design, while another fad is the new cream and white mousseline gauze, thickly ruched and edged with colored twisted chenille or tiny frillings of gauze ribbon, producing a most becoming effect.



A STRIKING COSTUME.

self attracts most of the fashionable people to the golf club over which he reigns under the democratic title of president. The duchess appears on the links almost every day smartly clad in a red jacket and white skirt and plays an excellent game. Her work has been approved of by no less a critic than the visiting Prince of Wales, who is himself a fine sportsman. Many pretty American girls are noted among the players,

slippers are made of gold and silver braid filled out with silk. Rosettes are replaced by jeweled buckles, in which more or less generous bows play a prominent part in the adornment of evening shoes.

CATHERINE TALBOT.

Formal visits are never paid while craps is worn, nor are invitations ever accepted.

FLOWER DECORATIONS.

A Recent Fad Introduced by a Native of Japan. Technique of the New Art.

The latest fad is the adoption of the Japanese method of arranging flowers used in household decoration. The Japanese have taught the western world many things and, according to Sir Edwin Arnold and other admirers of the race, might with advantage teach it many more. A new prophet has come out of the orient, and his mission is to instruct the occident in the science and art of floral decoration. His name is Tanosuke, and after he has enlightened the women of London he thinks his next mission will be to the women of America. Their appreciation of flowers, according to the prophet, is sordid and based upon the dollar per dozen principle. Mr. Tanosuke can take a 3 cent azalea and vase and compose a thrilling floral symphony. Whether the symphony will ever appeal to the western eye with quite the respect that a ten bushel effect of American Beauty roses at \$10 per dozen engenders is another question.

It may be honestly said for this Japanese aesthete that his labors are based upon conviction. In Japan the arrangement of flowers is a special study, and the educated classes learn it just as the highly finished young woman in America is taught deportment or how to play upon the piano. The smallest details of flower gathering, flower cutting, flower arrangement, the character of the vase or bowl in which they are to be placed and their location in the room are matters of the utmost importance to a cultured Japanese. Tradition has laid down rules which must be followed in preparing the flowers and which are as unvarying as the laws of the Medes and Persians. In Japan flower gathering is not only an art, but is looked upon as little short of a religious rite. For the Japanese woman to place a spray of flowering bamboo in a bamboo receptacle, for instance, would be as great a breach of good form as for an American woman to appear at a full dress party clad in a tea gown or wearing a bouquet of sunflowers.

The oldest method of arranging flowers in Japan is that known as shin-nohana. It consists in the massing of the flower around a single straight stem, and while of great antiquity it is not generally followed except by rather severe minded persons, such as in this country would be found heading the "constant readers" department in the newspapers or founding societies for the suppression of frivolous amusement among the inhabitants of Timbuktou.

The secret of the Japanese flower arrangement is in the line, says Mr. Tanosuke. Such a vase is chosen as best displays the flower's grace of outline. A flower with the Japanese does not mean, as with us, the blossom alone, but implies the branch with buds and leaves. It may mean, too, a spray of

foliage, such as pine, maple or juniper, quite irrespective of any bloom at all. The flower is cut and afterward bent so that the main lines will seem to be harmoniously arranged. Where there are several twigs upon a stem which are quite in the approved style as to direction the length of the twig is next a matter of consideration. These must never be allowed to produce an awkward effect by crossing one another, nor must they be permitted to run parallel. While this seems to the student, sitting at the feet of the Japanese flower master drinking in wisdom, a rather conventional and dictatorial ruling, the master will explain that this is the result of the experience of centuries of great Japanese flower artists, for just as we have our De Reszkes and Paderewskis, Japan has had her great flower decorators, the beauty of whose creations have made emperors' palaces lovelier and whose ateliers have been thronged with trains of admiring pupils anxious for initiation into the great men's art.

To be able to properly handle flowers, says the Japanese teacher, one must thoroughly understand them and their habits. Flowers must be arranged so as not to violate the rules of nature. None must be used except in the season in which they naturally appear. In Japan the blossoms of springtime, the narcissus and the beautiful flowering cherry, make the island gorgeous. In the west, however, the teacher must adopt the less brilliant daffodil, the crocus, the violet and the hyacinth as his first material. Exotics of any sort the Japanese scorn, saying that they are unnatural and that only when nature makes her gifts voluntarily is it right to use them. Naturalness is one of the keywords of Tanosuke's art, and following this he rules that mountain flowers are in bad taste arranged with those from the valley. The most beautiful bloom is in bad taste when it might suggest anything but its own beauty. Therefore all flowers which are difficult to obtain are unacceptable. Every month has, accord-

ing to the Japanese calendar, certain buds which are lucky or unlucky, and certain rules are extant designating how certain blooms should be combined with others. Even after having accepted the design in which he means to arrange the flowers he must puzzle over the question of the vase. Custom permits him to select one of iron, porcelain, bronze or bamboo. Either a standing or a hanging vase may be brought in requisition, but the shape and material must be such as naturally seem to lend themselves to the design selected.

Even the placing of the flowers in the room is a matter of importance. In a Japanese apartment, with its polished floor, simple lacquered furniture and kakemonos, or hanging pictures, arranged upon the wall, the simple yet dainty arrangement of the flowers is in exact harmony, but in a modern London or New York drawing room, with its velvet carpet, its litter of bric-a-brac and paintings and labyrinth of gorgeously upholstered furniture, making progress through its length a serious question, the Japanese art may be said to be out of place. If the new prophet can revolutionize the idea of good taste in furnishing an American house, he will do a great service to the pocketbooks and the comfort of many an unfortunate family.

It would, to be sure, not be a bad idea for the modern woman to take to gardening and learn to seek the latent beauty in the flower rather than in the

been left ungathered. The fad is making considerable progress in London "sassy," and this country is therefore more than likely to take kindly to it.

ALICE FROTHINGHAM.

Sweet May Flowers.

It is best to make two or more sowings of the same plants at a fortnight or three weeks' interval, as the younger ones come in to replace any that may have failed in the first sowing. This, too, helps to prolong the flowering season. Sometimes the seeds of different flowers may be mixed with advantage and sown broadcast where large spaces are to be covered, in which case they will grow together seemingly the sweeter. Sweet peas and convolvulus major when thus sown and trained over trellises and fences present in summer and autumn a beautiful appearance. Mignonette combines well with the dainty Iceland poppies or sweet suitans and nasturtiums.

A good selection of hardy annuals which, sown now, will thrive in almost any garden soil and bloom the summer through are: Antirrhinums (snap dragons), amaranthus (love lies bleeding), candytufts in snow white, rich crimson, bright carmine and deep purple, bartsia, convolvulus (major and minor), canary creeper, coreopsis, escholtzia, erysimum, godetia, galliardia, lupinus, mignonette, marigolds (French and African), nasturtiums (especially dwarf Tom Thumb varieties), nemophila (with its lovely blue flowers), poppies (oriental, Iceland and Shirley), the rosy sunparnia, sweet suitans, sunflowers (single and double) and Virginian stock.

The semihardy annuals which come

ed with hot sunshine or withered by

ed northwesterly winds. Some slight

shading may be needed from time to

time and supplies of water during dry

weather.

The lilacs, whose fragrance we so much enjoy during the warm midsummer, should be planted now. Lilium auratum (the queen of lilacs), lilium candidum (the Madonna lily) and many others no less beautiful should find a place in every garden. The gladioli in their many charming varieties of color may be grown by simply planting the bulbs now and leaving them to take care of themselves.

Carving Fowl.

In these days everything is "carved"—that is, when we speak of cutting up meat or fowl of any kind served at table. But it would appear that in the olden time there was a special phrase for each and every kind of meat subjected to the knife. A recent writer, referring to an ancient English book, remarks:

"There were carving masters in those days, professors of the art. They were itinerants, going from house to house, and taught the ladies. As for their social position, I have not ascertained it. Probably they were classed with the itinerant portrait painter. Certainly they did not sit at table with the gentlemen. I fear that their place was the kitchen and that Lady Mary took her lessons in that room surrounded by the admiring maids. But the only thing she carved was mutton or beef. You had to 'break a deer, rear a goose, lute a swan, sauce a capon, spit a hen, frust a chicken, unbrace a mallard, unlance a cony, dismount a heron, display a crane, disfigure a peacock, unjoint a bittern, untack a curlew, alay a pheasant, wing a partridge or a quail, mince a plover, thigh a pigeon or any other small bird and border a game pie.'"

Advice For Delicate Women.

Some one who professes to know all about it declares that if the woman with a delicate throat would eschew fur collars and warm stocks, bathe her neck and chest in cold water every morning, following this heroic measure by friction with a crash towel, and indulge in honey at all meals except dinner she would not need cough mixtures and iodine, mustard leaves and cold compresses. Muffling the throat in silk handkerchiefs and heavy boas and collars is an excellent way to make it sensitive. Breathing through the mouth, sleeping in a close room and getting the feet wet any woman with a tendency to throat trouble should guard against. Excessive fatigue often brings tonsillitis on children, and in cases where colds are apt to settle in the throat, children should be encouraged to eat honey on their bread instead of butter and to use it in preference to sweetmeats, sirup, etc. Rice puddings in which honey has been substituted for sugar are delicious and wholesome.

Cooking French Peas.

French canned peas are best cooked when removed from the tin immediately it is opened and turned into a basin. They should be set in a steamer until they are tender, and they can then be drained and turned into a vegetable dish, where they should be lightly sprinkled with salt. A small lump of butter should be melted in their midst and a few scraps of mint mixed among them.

How to Care For Polished Floors.

The woman who is fond of rugs and polished floors, with the assistance of the hired girl, can impart to the library boards as fine a polish as the high price man from the shop.

First the boards must be planed smooth and the cracks filled in carefully with putty. The floor having been made ready and a smooth surface secured, it must be thoroughly scrubbed and left to dry.

When the floor has dried, treat it with two coats of size, which must be applied carefully, as the effect of the entire work depends largely upon this. An ordinary oak stain may be used, light or dark, as desired, followed by a coat of varnish put on with a flat brush. The varnish must not be applied until the stain is dry. The varnish should be mixed with a quick drier, which some painter or decorator will prepare.

Another method which may be used with smooth boards is to apply two coats of dark oak stain after the floor has been scrubbed and dried and then polish. The following polish can be used on any stained floor.

To make it melt beeswax over the fire, stirring some turpentine into it. When the mixture is of the consistency of stiff paste, put it into a stone jar. Apply a little of this while warm with a firm, smooth, dry scrubbing brush, which should be kept for the purpose. The floor is to be rubbed briskly, as if polishing shoes, taking the same length of time from the corner where the work is begun.

A floor polished in this way needs re-treatment once in three or four weeks. This mixture, which is used abroad to polish floors, is a great labor saver and brings desired results much sooner than any other method. American women sometimes improvise one of these by covering a brick with a carpet and securing it to a mop handle and applying the polish to one side of the brick.

A Wheelwoman's Inn.

The great army of women cyclists will soon overrun the country, finding out remote hamlets beyond the beaten track of highroads and railways. This suggests the idea of taking a cottage in a suitable spot and providing "tea," "biscuits" and beer, with its odors of stale tobacco and beer, is not inviting, and "taking a cottage by storm" is not always a success. It is not even easy to purchase milk at a farm. How often has the hungry cyclist gazed longingly over the blinds of a country parlor at a tea table set out in dainty fashion where she would not dare crave admission.

A woman of limited income, but housekeeping abilities, might make a good income during the summer months by opening a "wheelwoman's inn." It should be a neat and pretty cottage somewhere along one of the main traveled roads leading from one of the great cities. Clubs of wheelwomen may be sent cards of announcement acquainting them with its opening. Simple but dainty luncheons should be served at a moderate cost.

A solid tor, with ham and eggs, homemade bread, fresh butter, cream and honey, is far more attractive to the average cyclist than a heavier meal.

The ideal creeper covered cottage is hard to find, yet here and there a vacant one may be discovered, and a stranger to the neighborhood would be

more likely to succeed in converting it into a tea-house for weary cyclists than a native. It would be wise to have one bedroom always ready for a weary guest, to keep a drawer for old linen rags, a few bandages and sticking plaster, a well filled tin of ink and a writing table, a few clean linens and plenty of blotting paper, correspondence cards and other requisites.

A Dry Salt Bath.

The salt rub is just as good for people in bed as for sick ones and is the most refreshing of all the baths and rubs, excepting a dip in the sea itself. It is matchless in its effects upon the skin and complexion. Put a few pounds of coarse salt, the coarsest you can get, in an earthen jar and pour enough water on it to produce a sort of slush, but not enough to dissolve the salt. This should be taken up in handfuls and rubbed briskly over the entire person. Of course it is better to have it rubbed on by another person, but any one in ordinary health can do it for herself or himself very satisfactorily. This being done, follow it with a thorough douching of clear water, preferably cold, and a brisk rubbing with a dry towel.

The effect of elation, freshness and renewed life is felt immediately, and the satiny texture of the skin and increased clearness and brightness of the complexion swell the testimony in favor of the salt rub. For young children it is best to drain off the pure bay rum to two tablespoonfuls of pure bay rum to a basin of salt water. Apply with a soft dandelion and dry with a soft Turkish towel. Care should be taken that there is not too much salt in the water, as it may irritate the tender skins of some children.

When to Wind the Clock.

The household timekeeper needs regular care and superintendence if it is to keep time accurately. When not regulated by a watchmaker, a responsible member of the household should be put in charge of it to wind and regulate it. A clock should be wound as far as possible at one stated time and be regulated at fixed periods. It should be kept locked so that no mischievous persons may not play with it, and its face, hands, etc., should occasionally be delicately dusted. A periodic oiling may also be necessary, and for this purpose employ the purest oil purified by a quart of lime-water in a gallon of oil. Shake this well, allow it to stand for a few days and then carefully pour off the pure oil without disturbing the sediment. The oil should be applied to the works with a fine camel's hair brush.

Chicken Stew.

Cut the remains of a cold roast fowl into neat portions and fry them a nice brown in some butter, and heat in a stew pan. Finely chop the pieces of corn, onion, pepper and pounded mace. When the flesh is browned, dredge in one dessertspoonful of flour and shake the pan round several times. Then pour in half a pint of weak stock and stew for ten minutes before adding a pint of tinned green peas, which stew in the sauce for a further ten minutes. Just before dish up stir in one tablespoonful of powdered sugar.

Waterproof Shoe Dressing.

Mix together equal quantities of mutton suet and beeswax. Warm these till liquid over a fire and pour in the shoe preparation when melted over the stitching at the edges of the sole.

The Cut Glass Shoe

MADE OF CALF, RUSSIA, CALF, BOX CALF, STORM CALF, PATENT CALF, VAMAC, KID.

FOR STREET WEAR, BUSINESS WEAR, DRESS WEAR, GOLF, CYCLING, YACHTING.

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Is sole agent for this city for the Hawkes and the Libbey, the two best makes in the world.

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Over One Thousand Patterns to select from. The most complete line in the city of North Adams. Designs from Five Cents per Roll up to \$2.00. 1,000 Gallons American Seal Paint—eighty colors always on hand. BEST IN THE WORLD. Only Competent workmen employed.

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Telephone, 49-3.

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Ice Cream Parlors,

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Saturday Evening, May 21, 1898.

Free Cake given with each plate of cream on opening night. Schubert's Orchestra in attendance.

ICE CREAM, 10c Plate.

New. Neat. Cosy.

SPECIAL NOTICE COLUMN.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEADING ONE-HALF CENT A WORD A DAY. ADVS. OF LESS THAN 20 WORDS THREE DAYS FOR 25 CENTS. NO CHARGE LESS THAN 10 CENTS.

TO RENT.

Half of store; good location, 55 Eagle St. J. O'Brien & Co. 1301-4f

Large pleasant flat; all improvements; steam heat; \$12. This office.

A good barn for storage purposes. M. C. Jewett 1300-1st

A pleasant room in Ber & Dowlin block, upper floor. 1305-5f

Furnished tenement to rent; desirable modern tenement; all furnished ready for housekeeping; near Normal school, price reasonable. Address Box 772, North Adams. 1300-24x

Small house, 10 1/2 Jackson St. Inquire 2 Church place. 1298-4f

Two new 6-room flats, with modern improvements, on Hathaway St. Apply to C. J. Arnold, at Ford & Arnold's livery. 1296-1f

Four room flat, Holden street, \$11. Six room tenement, Central avenue, \$10. Six room cottage, Cady street, \$12. Inquire Ralph M. Dowlin's office, 121 Main St.

A six-room flat No. 38 Hall street \$16 per month. Inquire of A. N. Gelineau, 38 Hall street or 8 Bank street. 1295-1f

Tenement on Main St. Inquire Clarence W. Gallup, North Adams Savings Bank building. 1295-1f

First-class store, plate front, corner of Miner and Union streets. Apply to Thomas Quinn, 22 Union street. 1295-1f

Tenement (rooms with latest improvements) 150 East Main street. Inquire at the American Clothing store, 30 Main street. 1305-1f

Barndwell farm, a part of house, barn and land. Very best of opportunities for market gardening. F. B. Locke, land road, 30 Main street.

A 6-room tenement, Luther St. \$14 per month. 15-room tenement, Potter pl. \$12 per month. 16-room tenement, Lincoln St. \$15 per month. Inquire at Ber & Dowlin's law office, Mar tin's block. 1305-1f

A room tenement, 50 Liberty St. 1295-1f

Two new 6-room flats, all modern improve ments. Apply F. E. Pike, 40 East Quincy St. Desirable tenement on Glen avenue. A. A. Gallup, Boland block. 1305-1f

FOR SALE.

Fifty tons of choice hay, L. A. Hunt & Son 30 Spring St., Williamstown, Mass. 1305-5f

ROOMS AND BOARD.

Table board and rooms, 30 Summer street, corner Bank street. r & b 250 75f

HARD TO COMBAT.

The Evidence of Our Senses. What North Adams People Say is Pretty Good Proof for North Adams People.

When we see it it ourselves. When our own ears hear it. When our neighbors tell it. Our friends endorse it. No better evidence can be had. It's not what people say in Maine, or distant cities, or from California. No deceiving comes here. North Adams talk about North Adams people. Public opinion published for the public good. There is no proof like home proof. Home testimony at the back of every box of Doan's Kidney Pills. Can you believe your neighbor? Read this statement made by a citizen: Mr. Isaiah Warren, of 14 East Brooklyn street, says: "My kidneys have not been right for a long time; my back was much affected; I had dull aching and soreness over my kidneys besides headaches and sharp pain when bending forward. From reading the papers I learned that Doan's Kidney Pills were effecting so many cures that I thought perhaps they would do as much for me and I procured a box at Burlingame & Darby's drug store. They certainly helped before I had taken a whole box. I found the aching and soreness leaving me and I could sleep well nights. I know that they have been of very great benefit to me and I can recommend them for lameness in the back and inactivity of the kidneys. Anyone trying them for that, I am sure, will find them the same as I did." Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers or sent by mail on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N.Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute. Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. No. 25c. 10 C. C. C. full strength refund money. Take Cascarets. Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. 10 C. C. C. full strength refund money.

WANTED

Tenement of 4 or 5 rooms; latest improvements; very centrally located; steam heat. Address X, this office.

Furnished room, with all conveniences for gentlemen; south of Main street preferred; price moderate. Address W. Transcript. 1305-1f

Men in Berkshire and adjoining counties to act as Private Detectives under instructions. Address by letter, Harry R. Grey, General Delivery, North Adams, Mass. 1305-1f

Loan of \$3,000 at 5 per cent on first mortgage real estate. Address S, box 27, this office.

Partner, young man to take one-half interest in business; small capital; no drunkard. Address by letter, Harry R. Grey, General Delivery, North Adams, Mass. 1305-1f

Furnished room, with modern conveniences, vicinity of Church St., for gentlemen. Address, A Transcript. 1305-1f

SITUATIONS WANTED

General housework; quiet cooks, waitresses, laundresses. Apply North Adams Employment Bureau, Room 7, Kimball Block, Main street. Office hours—9 a.m. to 5 p.m. J. A. Crockett, Manager.

WANTED THEIR PAY

Employees of Linwood Mills Served Writs Yesterday and Today.

MILLS NOW CLOSED INDEFINITELY

Amount of Wages Due Was \$1,200. Property in Care of Fitchburg Road Trustee. Mills Had Planned To Start Tomorrow.

Sheriff Frink served about 20 writs on the stock of the Linwood Mills yesterday, for Lawyer M. E. Couch, acting for the employees. This was done to recover wages due the employees by the company at the time of S. W. Barker's failure. Some of the stock was being removed to New York state over the Fitchburg railroad and the road was trusted. One or two more writs were served this morning, and the number is now 22. Manager Graham, who is in charge of the mills, says the amount represented due the employees is \$1,200. The employees had been told that they would be paid by order of the court, and most of them had decided to wait for this, but the sight of goods being taken away, caused a slight panic among them and this action was taken. This makes it impossible to do anything at the mills until the entire matter is adjusted. Manager Graham said this afternoon that E. W. Greenman, assignee of Mr. Barker, had received permission from the court at Albany yesterday to continue operations at the mills in order to run off the stock now on hand. The plan had therefore been to open the mills Saturday morning, and the employees would have been paid off in a short time. The goods which were being moved he said were some surplus stock which could not have been used here under the circumstances and were being taken to New York state to be under the jurisdiction of New York courts. It is now thought the matter will not be settled up inside of a year or so.

REAL ESTATE DEAL.

P. J. Boland Buys Martin Property on State Street Today.

Negotiations were completed this afternoon for the transfer of the property of the William Martin estate on State street. This property is that on which M. V. N. Braman's store is located, and adjoins Mr. Boland's former property. The price paid is not made public. The store occupied by Mr. Braman will be torn down, and Mr. Boland will use the land for adding another store to the block he has planned. This will make it a block of five brick stores. Work will be begun early this summer.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

Mrs. A. H. Barber and Miss Anna Coyle are home from the south. Miss Lizzie Gorry has returned from a visit to her brother in New York. Miss Minnie La Point of this city is visiting her parents in Pittsfield for a few days. Miss Kate Meade of Boston is visiting relatives and friends in this city and Williamstown. Miss Olivia Phair of Pittsfield has returned to her home after a visit with her cousin, Miss Emilie Bull of this city. M. F. O'Neill of Greenfield, supervisor of agencies in the Greenfield life insurance company, is spending a few days with friends in this city. Mrs. Emma Newman, who has been in charge of one of the departments at the Wilkinson & Bliss factory, has been very ill for some time, and will go to Boston tomorrow for treatment.

China and Chinese Railway Concessions.

In business generally China offers no greater openings than may be found at home for foreigners whose skill, energy and foresight count for as much in one place as another. The great American mercantile houses, once so prominent, with their tea-hongs, banks and steamship lines, have vanished, leaving only commission agencies to act as intermediaries for the Chinese and to compete with English and Germans, not to speak of traders of other nationalities, who are everywhere on the ground, ready to cut corners from profit percentages and by the use of cash credits to deal with minute margins of profit. As for the chance of employment under natives, next to nothing of this kind exists. Any foreigner going to China to seek work, whether as a trained specialist or a mere employee, at once raises in Chinese minds the presumption that he comes because he is not fit to survive at home. After all, what do the Chinese want of the outside white race? Nothing, it may be safely said. Nor will they accept anything from us but what is forced upon them through stress of circumstances. Inert, conceited, jealous and suspicious, they are satisfied with their own environment and are quite content to follow out their mysterious way to such destiny as crumbles, world old institutions, groping in the dim light of the molybdenum of Confucius, may have in store.—Clarence Cary in Forum.

Washing the Face.

There are some misguided persons who object to washing the face often, especially with soap, thinking this is an injury to the complexion. Those, however, who have made a specialty of skin diseases will say that no part of the body needs soap so much; that the face being constantly exposed to dust, collects so much water. They agree that if soap makes the face shiny, as so many claim, it only shows that it is the more needed, and that the work of drying after the bath has not been properly performed. The face, however, should not be wet immediately before or after going out. Its most thorough ablutions should be performed at night before going to bed, and the following method should be observed in the process: Fill a basin with soft, warm water, lather a medium sized sponge with good soap and wash carefully. Then take fresh water without soap and wash again with the hands and rub thoroughly with a Turkish or crash towel until the face is dry and tingling. This will do much to dry and improve and preserving the complexion.—New York Ledger

Underground London contains 3,000 miles of sewers, 34,000 miles of telegraph wires, 4,580 miles of water mains, 3,200 miles of gas pipes, all definitely fixed.

FOR A BERKSHIRE REGIMENT.

Present Regarded as a Good Time To Make a Move to That End.

It is proposed to raise a regiment in Berkshire county. At present Adams is the only town which has a military company, but the two cities of Pittsfield and North Adams can easily raise a company. Great Barrington at Lee have just formed companies, and will be an easy matter to raise a Berkshire regiment. Lieut. Gov. Crane is anxious to see Berkshire represented in the state militia and now is an excellent time to make a move for such a military organization. In time of peace Massachusetts would hardly expect to keep a regiment in its western border, but if the state militia is increased, as is proposed, Berkshire could have a battalion. The proposed companies will proceed at once to obtain armories, which is the first step toward becoming a part of the state militia, and until they have a suitable armory the state will not furnish arms. The representatives in the legislature from all parts of the county are in sympathy with the movement and there is no lack of material in the shape of members who wish to wear uniform and bear arms.—Republican.

Death of Mrs. Dewsnap.

Sarah A., wife of George W. Dewsnap, died this morning at 1.30 o'clock at her home, 7 Bracewell avenue, aged 27 years. She had been sick for five weeks with septic fever and was apparently on the road to recovery. Suddenly and without warning she sank into a state of unconsciousness Thursday evening at about 8 o'clock and so remained to the time of her death, which was caused by heart failure.

Mrs. Dewsnap had resided in this city since a year ago last fall, when her husband, who is a seafarer, in the Arnold print works, moved here with his family from Pawtucket, R. I. She was a friendly and affable young woman and had gained many friends during her residence in this city who sincerely mourn her death. She was a member of St. John's church and her life was that of a sincere Christian. She leaves besides her husband three daughters. Her mother and two sisters are also living. Mrs. Lucy A. Brown and Misses Carrie and Lucy Brown, all of this city. The family have the sympathy of many friends in their sudden and sore affliction.

The funeral will be held at St. John's church Sunday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. Rev. J. C. Tebbetts officiating.

Saturday's Art Supplement.

THE TRANSCRIPT's art supplement, tomorrow evening will, as usual, be filled with entertaining reading matter and timely illustrations, many of them referring to the Spanish war and the development of some of its most exciting incidents. For the frontispiece is a full-page portrait of Captain French E. Chadwick of the armored cruiser "New York" which is likely to be the ship to be pitted against the best fighter in the Spanish navy. President McKinley is also represented by a full-page engraving. "Warships, Old and New" is an article of especial interest as showing the advances in naval methods since the historic meeting of the "Monitor" and the "Merrimac." The article is fully illustrated. Other sketches and miscellaneous portraits complete a number of the art supplement that must certainly please every reader of THE TRANSCRIPT.

Two Weeks of Curfew.

The curfew law has now been in force in this city for two weeks, and so far its enforcement has caused great satisfaction to its promoters and to the police force. No arrests have been made, and while a number of children have been sent to their homes after 9 o'clock, no complaints have been made. A few reports have come from the outskirts of the city that it was not enforced, but it is almost impossible to enforce any law of the kind strictly out of the center of the city. The opening days of the law have been most satisfactory, although the police think the real test will come when band concerts and other attractions invite the children out doors in the summer.

CHESHIRE.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Cheshire Water Co. Thursday it was decided to pay a three per cent. semi-annual dividend on all stock. Mortimer Curtis, Jr. has moved into the O'Donnell place on Depot street. Mrs. Albert Heister of North Adams is the guest of Mrs. Charles Hinekey. Miss Katherine Flaherty has returned from Adams where she has been the guest of Miss Josephine Keefe. Frank Howard of the firm of Howard Morrill of Pittsfield is putting in a gasoline engine and a United States separator and swing churn for Clifton Prince.

—North Adams lodge, No. 423, of the Order Sons of St. George, will meet in their lodge room next Sunday evening at 7 o'clock for the purpose of attending divine worship at the Episcopal church. All members of the order are cordially invited.

RACING WHEELMEN

Make a Good Discovery.

J. F. Fitch, the Chairman of the Bicycle Committee of the Knickerbocker Athletic Club, New York, writes: "I have experimented with many beverages among the members of my racing team and have found but one that completely fills the bill. It is needless for me to say that this is Postum Cereal. It courts neither sleeplessness nor nervousness, in fact, it seems to make the men stronger and I know personally that they ride better after using it." When the trainer of athletics finds a liquid food, which looks like coffee and has much the taste of milder grades of Java, and that so surely rebuilds and restores the human body, it well behoves the brain worker to test and see if his physical condition may not be improved by the same diet. Ten days trial will startle some people who have looked upon their ill feelings as permanent and irradicable.

TWO FLAG RAISINGS.

Celebrations at City Hall and Monument Square Tomorrow Evening.

Plans for the flag raising at the city hall and a general celebration following have been completed. From present indications there will be no great American victory to celebrate, as the next naval engagement seems not likely to come for some days. But the celebration will include the American successes up to the present time and a glowing prophecy of the future.

There will be two parts to the exercises. The flag raising at city hall will be in charge of Mayor Cady, and the exercises will later adjourn to monument square, where Principal Murdoch will speak, and the Grand Army will raise a flag. This part of the exercises will be under the charge of Commander Tower. The program is: Music, Clapp's Band.

Firing salute, Richmond Artillery. Remarks, Mayor Cady. Singing—"America." Blackinton Glee Club and audience. Raising the colors—7 o'clock sharp, Grand Army of the Republic. Firing salute, Richmond Artillery. Meeting adjourned to Monument square, under direction of Commander Tower. Music, Clapp's Band. Address, Prof. F. F. Mardock of our State normal school. Singing—"Star Spangled Banner." Blackinton Glee Club and audience. Raising flag, at Monument square, G. A. R. Music, salutes, fireworks.

COMMUNICATION.

Make It A Real Memorial Day.

EDITOR TRANSCRIPT: At various times in the history of our country special days have been set apart by our chief executive and the people have been asked to give up those days to prayers for the success of some great national undertaking. While no such appeal has been made in connection with the present war, might it not be well to make more of the coming Memorial Day than what it has almost come to be of late years, a day for bicycle racing, ball playing and general sports. Memorial Day was set apart and intended to be a day when the living should appropriately remember those fallen in defense of our country. On this Memorial Day we have the dead of this present war to remember and the number may be greatly increased by May 30. It would be well for us to pause on this day and while we help the members of the Grand Army to deck the graves of their fallen comrades, have some thought of the outcome of the present war.

It has been said that North Adams lacks patriotism. You do not believe it. You know we are a patriotic city. Let us show this to be a fact. In the righteous cause of freeing the Cubans from Spanish misrule, the Western Gateway city has but few representatives, but we may have many more. In this cause all creeds and differences are forgotten; we are all Americans. Could we not have a monster mass meeting on that day and show our patriotism? Let every store and factory be closed all day and at some stated time let us all gather together around the monument, erected in memory of the Grand Army of those who have gone to the last grand review, and there, gathered around the city fathers and pastors of all the city parishes, let us remember the dead and with songs and speeches, renew our inspiration for freedom and in the cause of freeing Cuba and its down-trodden people.

It need not be a costly demonstration but let it be a gathering of all the people. Let us close the ledger and mill gate and on this one day remember those who have been summoned to join the great majority and invoke from the god of battle success to our arms as they battle for freedom and righteousness.

A PATRIOT.

North Adams, May 18.

Ice Question Still Open.

The board of health held a regular meeting last evening but as one member was absent, nothing but routine business was transacted. The inspection of milk stables is in progress, and notices are being sent to dairy farmers when their equipment is found deficient. No action was taken on the ice question, as the report of the analysis has not arrived to make action legal under the ordinance. The matter will probably be decided at the next meeting, and the ice-men are waiting anxiously for the action to be taken. The board will probably consider the matter of allowing the sale to houses with a warning to house-keepers, but it is improbable that this can be done.

Sent to Woman's Prison.

In court this morning Carrie S. Fuller and Ella M. Ingraham were sentenced to the woman's prison at Sherborn for one year. They were arrested on Church street Thursday evening while walking with a couple of young men. When the officers approached the fellows ran away. Several cases were also disposed of this morning, and Patrick O'Brien was fined \$10 for disturbing the peace.

POWNA.

Miss Juliet Bannister, 84 years of age, slipped from her bed and sustained a fractured ankle on Thursday. She has been an invalid for some years. Miss Bowen, the North Adams professional nurse who has been attending Mrs. Herman, returned to her home yesterday. Mark Dean worked a short time in the garden this week the first for nearly a year. Solomon Wright, Jr., was in town this week. Eber Hakes, a veteran and a member of E. P. Hopkins post of Williamstown, died last night of consumption. The funeral arrangements are not completed.

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